1670. Adulteration and misbranding of gauze pads. U. S. v. 46 Packages of Gauze Pads. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution. (F. D. C. No. 16338. Sample No. 4610-H.)

LIBEL FILED: June 2, 1945, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 11, 1944, from Worcester, Mass., by the Handy Pad Supply Co.

PRODUCT: 46 packages of gauze pads at Philadelphia, Pa.

LABEL, IN PART: (Package) "100 Ideal Dispenser Type Gauze Pads Sterilized After Packaging."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be "Sterile Absorbent Gauze [Sterile Gauze]," a drug the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, an official compendium, but its quality and purity fell below the official standard since it was not sterile.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement, "Sterilized After Packaging," was false and misleading as applied to the article, which was not sterile but was contaminated with living micro-organisms.

DISPOSITION: August 29, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution.

DRUGS AND DEVICES ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF FALSE AND MISLEADING CLAIMS*

DRUGS FOR HUMAN USE

1671. Misbranding of estrogenic hormone. U. S. v. 87 Vials of Estrogenic Hormone. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable organization. (F. D. C. No. 16241. Sample No. 22578-H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 25, 1945, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 27 and 28, 1945, from Philadelphia, Pa., by the National Drug Co.

PRODUCT: 87 vials of *estrogenic hormone* at St. Louis, Mo. Examination showed that the article was an oil solution containing estrogenic substances consisting essentially of estradiol with an insignificant amount, if any, of estrone which is the principal estrogenic hormone occurring in natural sources such as pregnant mares' urine.

LABEL, IN PART: "10 cc. Estrogenic Hormone 10,000 Injectosol * * * An estrus producing extract derived from pregnant mares' urine."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement, "derived from pregnant mares' urine," was false and misleading since the estrogenic material present in the article did not consist of estrogenic substance as derived from the urine of pregnant mares.

DISPOSITION: July 10, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable organization on condition that the product be relabeled, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency, to show that it was essentially estradiol.

1672. Misbranding of estrogenic substance in oil. U. S. v. 2,167 Vials of Estrogenic Substance in Oil. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 16000. Sample Nos. 13251-H, 13252-H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 4, 1945, Southern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 30 and March 5, 1945, by the Loeser Laboratory, Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 2,167 20-cc. vials of *estrogenic substance in oil* at Cincinnati, Ohio. Examination showed that the product was an oil solution containing estrogenic substances consisting almost entirely of estradiol with an insignificant amount, if any, of estrone, which is the principal estrogenic hormone occurring in natural sources such as pregnant mares' urine.

LABEL, IN PART: "Proliculin Natural Estrogenic Substances in Oil [or "Proliculin Brand of Natural Estrogenic Substance in Oil"] * * * Derived from the urine of pregnant mares."

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*See also Nos. 1651, 1652, 1654, 1655, 1658, 1664, 1669, 1670.