entered on behalf of both defendants on June 8, 1949, and the court sentenced each defendant to pay a fine of $200. The individual defendant, Gregory S. Brooks, also received a sentence of 1 year in jail which, however, was suspended, and he was placed on probation for 1 day.

2776. Adulteration and misbranding of posterior pituitary injection. U. S. v. 72 Ampuls * * *. (F. D. C. No. 27172. Sample No. 58105-K.)

LIBEL FILED: April 27, 1949, District of Arizona.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 18, 1949, by E. S. Miller Laboratories, Inc., from Los Angeles, Calif.

PRODUCT: 72 1-cc. ampuls of *posterior pituitary injection* at Phoenix, Ariz. Analysis showed that the potency of the product was less than the potency specified by the United States Pharmacopoeia.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as "Posterior Pituitary Injection," a drug the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, and its strength differed from the official standard.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "(10 U. S. P. Units) per cc" was false and misleading as applied to the article, which contained less than 10 U. S. P. units of posterior pituitary per cubic centimeter.

DISPOSITION: June 23, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2777. Adulteration of sodium iodide injection. U. S. v. 11 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26863. Sample No. 47081-K.)

LIBEL FILED: March 16, 1949, Western District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 1, 1948, from Columbus, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 11 cartons, each containing 25 10-cc. ampuls, of *sodium iodide* at Buffalo, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: "Sodium Iodide—For Intravenous Administration Only."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as a drug, "Ampuls of Sodium Iodide," the name of which is recognized in the National Formulary, an official compendium, and its quality and purity fell below the official standard since it was contaminated with undissolved material. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: April 13, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2778. Adulteration of Monocaine. U. S. v. 7,117 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26560. Sample No. 33298-K.)

LIBEL FILED: February 23, 1949, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of February 20, 1943, and January 18, 1944, from Brooklyn, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 7,117 boxes of *Monocaine* at Fresno, Calif. Analysis showed that the epinephrine in the product had deteriorated to such an extent that practically none of its potency remained.

LABEL, IN PART: "Monocaine HCL Solution 1% with Epinephrin 1:75,000."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess, namely, "Epinephrin 1:75,000." The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.