

tion \* \* \* Ingredients: Approx: Aspirin 2.4 grains Benzocaine 1/30 grain, Aromatics, certified coloring and artificial flavoring."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** *Medicated Lollipops*. Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the labeling of the article contained false and misleading statements. The statements represented and suggested that the article was an adequate and effective treatment for sore throat, colds, hoarseness, painful teething, and the discomfort following tonsillectomy. The article was not an adequate and effective treatment for such conditions.

*Medicated Lozenges*. Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the labeling of the article contained statements which were false and misleading. The statements represented and suggested that the article was an adequate and effective treatment for colds, coughs, hoarseness, and sore throat. The article was not an adequate and effective treatment for such conditions.

**DISPOSITION:** December 15, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**3938. Misbranding of cosmic ray radiator device. U. S. v. 4 Devices \* \* \*.**  
(F. D. C. No. 32975. Sample No. 13725-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** March 31, 1952, District of Colorado.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** By O. A. Kindom, from Minneapolis, Minn.

**PRODUCT:** *Cosmic ray radiator device*. 4 cases, each containing 1 device, at Denver, Colo. Examination disclosed that the device was a silver disc and that it emitted no cosmic radiation.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Engraved on device) "Kindom Multiple Cosmic Rays radiator Increases Vitality Made by O. A. Kindom Minneapolis, Minn."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the name "Kindom Multiple Cosmic Rays radiator" and the statement "Increases Vitality" engraved on the devices were false and misleading since the devices did not emit cosmic radiation and would not increase vitality.

**DISPOSITION:** January 7, 1953. Dr. W. Eason Williams, Denver, Colo., having filed an exception to the libel and later having withdrawn the exception, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the devices be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration.

#### DRUGS FOR VETERINARY USE

**3939. Adulteration and misbranding of Crufolic-12. U. S. v. 35 Vials \* \* \*.**  
(F. D. C. No. 34048. Sample No. 8526-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** October 24, 1952, Western District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 29, 1952, by the Addison Laboratories, from Philadelphia, Pa.

**PRODUCT:** 35 vials of *Crufolic-12* at Rochester, N. Y. Analysis showed that the product contained less than 8 percent of the declared amount of vitamin B<sub>12</sub>.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "10 cc. Multiple-Dose Vial Crufolic-12 Hematopoietic Formula for Treatment of Animals \* \* \* Each cc. contains Vit. B-12 30 mcg. (Crystalline)."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess, namely, "Each cc. contains Vit. B-12 30 mcg."

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Each cc. contains Vit. B-12 30 mcg." was false and misleading as applied to the article, which contained less than the stated amount of vitamin B<sub>12</sub>.

DISPOSITION: December 3, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

3940. Misbranding of Campbell's Chemical Mix. U. S. v. 2 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 34114. Sample No. 14539-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 7, 1952, District of Idaho.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 13, 1952, by the S & L Campbell Co., from Dupont, Colo.

PRODUCT: 2 cases, 1 containing 12 boxes and 1 containing 10 boxes of *Campbell's Chemical Mix* at Buhl, Idaho. Analysis indicated that the product consisted essentially of ammonium chloride, with relatively small proportions of sodium chlorate and potassium chlorate.

LABEL, IN PART: (Box) "Campbell's Chemical Mix For Cattle and Sheep \* \* \* Net Wt. 3 lbs."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the following statements on the label of the article were false and misleading: "Campbell's Chemical Mix For Cattle and Sheep" and (instructions for feeding sheep and cattle on alfalfa or clover) "put one 3-lb. package of Campbell's Chemical Mix to 100 lbs. No. 4 salt and mix thoroughly. Put in troughs where they can have access to it at all times. When feeding dairy cows chop or bran, put  $\frac{1}{4}$  teaspoonful in the chop or bran twice daily out of the 3-lb. package. For drench, mix one teaspoonful in  $\frac{3}{4}$  quart of water and drench. We recommend force feeding when grain is fed—feed about 2 or 3 days before turning on clover or alfalfa." The statements represented and suggested that the article was effective as a remedy for the diseases of cattle and sheep, for any ill effects upon sheep and cattle resulting from eating alfalfa or clover, or upon dairy cows from eating chop or bran, and for preventing ill effects upon cattle from grazing on clover or alfalfa. The article was not effective as a remedy for any diseases of sheep or cattle, and it was not capable of fulfilling the promises of benefit made for it.

DISPOSITION: December 15, 1952. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

#### INDEX TO NOTICES OF JUDGMENT D. D. N. J. NOS 3921 TO 3940

##### PRODUCTS

	N. J. No.		N. J. No.
Amphetamine sulfate tablets---	3925	Cosmic ray radiator device-----	3938
dextro-, sulfate tablets---	3926, 3928	Crufolic-12-----	3939
Amytal Sodium capsules-----	3921	Devices-----	3938
Androgenic substances-----	3926, 3927	Dextro-amphetamine sulfate	
Arthritis, remedies for. <i>See</i>		tablets-----	3926, 3928
Rheumatism, remedies for.		Gout, remedies for. <i>See</i> Rheu-	
Aspirin medicated lollipops and		matism, remedies for.	
aspirin medicated lozenges--	3937	Gramer's Sulgly-Minol-----	3936
Campbell's Chemical Mix-----	3940	Green's Compound-----	3935
Cantharides-----	3930	Hydrogen peroxide-----	3934