

PRODUCT: 15 dozen bottles of *Estrotron* at Dallas, Tex., together with accompanying leaflets entitled "Estrotron." A sample of this product was found to contain not more than 1.52 milligrams of estrogenic ketosteroids per cubic centimeter.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess, namely, 2 milligrams of estrogenic ketosteroids per cubic centimeter.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the following statements in the labeling of the article were false and misleading as applied to an article which contained less than the declared amount of estrogenic ketosteroids per cubic centimeter: (Bottle label) "* * * Estrotron, 2 mg. (20,000 I. U.) per cc * * * consisting primarily of estrone with smaller amounts of naturally occurring estrogens * * * standardized to 20,000 I. U. of activity per cc. * * *" and (leaflet) "* * * containing 2 mg. of estrogenic substance per cc. equal in estrogenic activity to 20,000 I. U. per cc."

DISPOSITION: September 5, 1951. The Pitman-Moore Co., Div. of Allied Laboratories, Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3612. Adulteration and misbranding of conjugated estrogens. U. S. v. 18 Bottles * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31308. Sample No. 10358-L.)

LABEL FILED: July 2, 1951, Eastern District of Michigan.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 30, 1951, by the Keith-Victor Pharmaceutical Co., from St. Louis, Mo.

PRODUCT: 18 bottles of *conjugated estrogens* at Detroit, Mich. Analysis showed that the product contained a total amount of estrogenic steroids calculated to 0.83 mg. of sodium estrone sulfate per tablet.

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION: The tablets were shipped from St. Louis, Mo., in a drum and repacked into bottles by the consignee at Detroit, Mich.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "100 Code No. 190 Sodestrin Tablets"; (drum) "Estrogen 1.25 Mg. Tablets."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Each * * * Tablet contains: Naturally-occurring water soluble Conjugated Estrogens equivalent in biological activity to 1.25 mg. of Sodium Estrone Sulfate" was false and misleading as applied to a product whose equivalent in biological activity was less than that declared.

DISPOSITION: August 30, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

3613. Adulteration and misbranding of uterine capsules. U. S. v. 15 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31604. Sample No. 21724-L.)

LABEL FILED: August 6, 1951, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 14 and April 4, 1951, by the Globe Laboratories, from Fort Worth, Tex.

PRODUCT: 15 boxes each containing 1 dozen *uterine capsules* at New Orleans, La. Examination of the product showed that it contained no sodium perborate.

LABEL, IN PART: (Capsules) "Globe Uterine Capsules * * * Active Ingredients 100%: Sodium Perborate 39%, Boric Acid 60%, Iodoform 1%."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from, and its quality fell below, that which it was represented to possess, namely, "Sodium Perborate 39%."

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Sodium Perborate 39%" was false and misleading as applied to an article which contained no sodium perborate.

DISPOSITION: September 6, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

3614. Adulteration and misbranding of clinical thermometers. U. S. v. 48 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31942. Sample No. 11205-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 24, 1951, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 23, 1951, by the Cardinal Thermometer Co., from Brooklyn, N. Y.

PRODUCT: *Clinical thermometers.* 48 cartons, each containing 1 thermometer, and a leaflet entitled "Certificate of Accuracy for Clinical Thermometer" at Cleveland, Ohio.

Examination of 23 thermometers showed that 5 failed to comply with the Commercial Standard CS1-32 since 2 failed to give readings of required accuracy, 2 failed to meet the hard shaker test, and 1 failed to meet the test for entrapped gas.

LABEL, IN PART: (Carton) "Cardinal Fever Thermometer Oral."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the quality of the article fell below that which it purported or was represented to possess.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the following statements in the leaflet were false and misleading as applied to an article which did not conform to the specifications set forth in CS1-32 Department of Commerce: "This certifies that the enclosed thermometer * * * has been tested on the above date at 98°, 102° and 106° F. and is correct within plus or minus 2/10 F. at any of these test points. This test is governed by a Standard Thermometer which has been tested and approved by the Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C. All our thermometers are manufactured in accord with their specifications. (C. S. 1-32 Department of Commerce)."

DISPOSITION: November 27, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF FALSE AND MISLEADING CLAIMS

DRUGS FOR HUMAN USE*

3615. Misbranding of Diaplex. U. S. v. 21 Cartons, etc. (F. D. C. No. 31735. Sample No. 24156-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 28, 1951, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 10, 1951, by H. W. Pierce, from Wellington, Colo.

PRODUCT: 21 cartons of *Diaplex* at Brooklyn, N. Y., together with a number of circulars entitled "The Successful Treatment of Diabetes." Analysis indicated that the product was a species of saltbush, such as *Atriplex canescens*.

*See also Nos. 3601, 3602, 3605, 3607, 3611-3614.