ing the common or usual name of the drugs; and, Section 502 (f) (1), the repackaged *amphetamine sulfate tablets* and the *Seconal Sodium capsules* failed to bear labeling containing adequate directions for use.

DISPOSITION: November 29, 1951. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court sentenced the defendant to 2 years in prison.

DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF CONTAMINATION WITH FILTH

3666. Adulteration of peppermint leaves, spearmint leaves, and lobelia leaves. U. S. v. Arthur P. Slaughter (Smoky Mountain Drug Co.). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, $250. (F. D. C. No. 31087. Sample Nos. 24131–L, 24132–L, 24134–L.)

INFORMATION FILED: June 1, 1951, Eastern District of Tennessee, against Arthur P. Slaughter, trading as the Smoky Mountain Drug Co., Bristol, Tenn.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 18 and November 20, 1950, from the State of Tennessee into the State of New Jersey.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (a) (1), the products consisted in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent excreta, rodent hairs, and insect fragments, in the *peppermint leaves*; rodent excreta, in the *spearmint leaves*; and insects and rodent excreta, in the *lobelia leaves*.

Further adulteration, Section 501 (a) (2), the products had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

The information charged also the interstate shipment of an adulterated food, as reported in notices of judgment on foods.

DISPOSITION: September 17, 1951. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the court fined the defendant $250 on the counts based on the shipment of adulterated drugs. (A fine of $250 was imposed also on the counts charging the other violations.)

3667. Adulteration of chamomile flowers. U. S. v. 10,936 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32020. Sample No. 4859–L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1951, District of Massachusetts.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 23, 1951, from Jersey City, N. J.

PRODUCT: 10,936 pounds (14 bales) of *chamomile flowers* at Lynn, Mass.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (a) (1), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 26, 1951. The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for reconditioning, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. Reconditioning consisted of fumigation with methyl bromide, sifting, and blowing.

DRUGS ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF DEVIATION FROM OFFICIAL OR OWN STANDARDS

3668. Adulteration and misbranding of sodium chloride solution, procaine hydrochloride solution, and Darrow's solution. U. S. v. Continental Pharma-