

**6632. Adulteration of catsup. U. S. \* \* \* v. 900 Cases of Catsup. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction.** (F. & D. No. 8859. I. S. No. 8551-p. S. No. C-842.)

On March 18, 1918, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Texas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 900 cases of tomato catsup, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Houston, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about November 23, 1917, by the Frazier Packing Co., Elwood, Ind., and transported from the State of Indiana into the State of Texas, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part, "Liberty Bell Brand. \* \* \* Prepared by the Frazier Packing Co., Elwood, Ind."

Adulteration of the article was alleged in substance in the libel for the reason that it was decomposed and putrid.

On November 9, 1918, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product should be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. F. MARVIN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*