

Catarrh, Head Noises, Tumors, Adenoids, Hemorrhoids, Piles, Appendicitis, Asthma, Goiter, Typhoid and all other Fevers," and the same and the following statements appearing on the bottle labels with respect to the remaining consignment, (No. 1) "For Tuberculosis, Lungs, Bones or Flesh, Gallstones or Tape-worm," (No. 3) "For Brights Disease, Bladder, Kidneys, Influenza and for Weak Women," (No. 4) "For Stomach, Bowel Trouble, Black Plague and Leprosy," (No. 5) "For Inflammation of Throat and Bronchitis," (No. 6) "For Eczema, Pimples, Skin Disease, Scalds, Burns, and Smallpox," (No. 7) "For Varicose Veins, High Blood Pressure and Dropsy," (No. 8) "For Diabetes, Liver, Spleen and Adenoids," (No. 9) "For Insanity, Fits, Paralysis, Meningitis, Mad Dog and Snake Bite," (No. 10) "For Heart, Kidneys, Nose and Throat," (No. 11) "For Nervous Troubles, Rheumatism and Saint Vitis Dance," (No. 12) "For Nerves, Gall Stones, Curvature of Spine and Deformity," (No. 13) "For Blindness, Weak Eyes, Cataract and Deafness," (No. 14) "For All Venereal Diseases, etc.," were false and fraudulent in that the said article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the curative and therapeutic effect claimed.

On December 9, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. W. PUGSLEY, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

9819. Misbranding of Methyloids. U. S. * * * v. 2 Dozen Packages of Methyloids. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 14137. I. S. No. 9765-t. S. No. E-3034.)

On January 4, 1921, the United States attorney for the District of Porto Rico, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel, and on February 17, 1921, an amended libel, for the seizure and condemnation of 2 dozen packages of Methyloids, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Mayaguez, P. R., alleging that the article had been shipped by Frederick Stearns and Co., Detroit, Mich., on or about September 22, 1920, and transported from the State of Michigan into the island of Porto Rico, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that it consisted of capsules containing, essentially, methylene blue, copaiba, santal oil, cassia oil, turpentine oil, and a sulphonated fixed oil.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in substance in the libel for the reason that the labels of the boxes and cartons containing the article bore certain statements regarding the said article and the ingredients and substances contained therein, which were false and fraudulent in that they led the public to believe that the said bottles and cartons contained curative and therapeutic medicine effective as a successful treatment for gonorrhoea and its complications and capable of curing and preventing diseases and disorders in the urinary tract, whereas, in fact, it contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On May 3, 1921, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. W. PUGSLEY, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*