

ment and cure for gonorrhœa, to destroy the germs of gonorrhœa, and for the prevention of gleet, stricture, prostatitis, and seminal vesiculitis, whereas, in fact and in truth, it was not.

On March 23, 1920, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

8080. Adulteration of shell eggs. U. S. * * * v. Leander A. Goodwin and Robert F. Jean (Goodwin & Jean). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$20. (F. & D. No. 9490. I. S. No. 8510-p.)

On March 3, 1919, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Arkansas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district an information against Leander A. Goodwin and Robert F. Jean, trading as Goodwin & Jean, Batesville, Ark., alleging shipment by said defendants, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on July 27, 1917, from the State of Arkansas into the State of Missouri, of a quantity of an article which was adulterated.

Examination of 1,620 eggs by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed 309 inedible eggs, or 19.07 per cent.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information in that the article consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On April 12, 1920, the defendants entered a plea of guilty to the information, and the court imposed a fine of \$20.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

8081. Adulteration and misbranding of acetanilid co. tablets. U. S. * * * v. 20 Boxes of Acetanilid Co. Tablets. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 9559. I. S. No. 16038-r. S. No. E-1194.)

On December 31, 1918, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Georgia, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of a certain quantity of a certain article, labeled in part "Acetanilid Co. Tablets," remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at Atlanta, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about October 15, 1918, by Chas. Huisking Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., and transported from the State of New York into the State of Georgia, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled "Acetanilid Co. Tablets 2,500 (5 gr.) Verandah Chemical Co. Brooklyn, N. Y."

Analysis of a sample by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department showed that the article contained an average of 0.263 grain of acetanilid per tablet.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the libel in that it was sold under and by a name recognized in the United States National Formulary, to wit, "Acetanilid Tablets," and differed from the standard of strength, quality, and purity as determined by the tests laid down in the United States National Formulary, in that the article did not contain the quantity of acetanilid prescribed by the said National Formulary but contained a less quantity, only 0.263 grain of acetanilid. Further adulteration was alleged in that the strength and purity of the article fell below the professed standard and quality under which it was sold, in that it contained only 0.263 grain of acetanilid.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in that the statements on the label on the package containing the article, regarding the article, to wit, "Acetanilid Co. Tablets (5 gr.)," was false and misleading in that it represented to the purchaser