

**8306. Adulteration of meat. U. S. \* \* \* v. Isaac Mostow. Trial by the court. Judgment of conviction. Fine, \$50. (F. & D. No. 558-c.)**

On May 3, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, acting upon a report by the health officer of said District, filed in the Police Court of the District aforesaid an information against Isaac Mostow, Washington, D. C., alleging that on April 20, 1920, the said defendant did offer for sale and sell at the District aforesaid, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, a quantity of meat which was adulterated.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in substance in the information for the reason that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

On May 19, 1920, the case having come on for trial before the court, after the submission of evidence and arguments by counsel, judgment of guilty was rendered, and the court imposed a fine of \$50.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**8307. Adulteration of citrate of magnesia. U. S. \* \* \* v. Harry B. Koester. Collateral of \$25 forfeited. (F. & D. No. 559-c.)**

On May 14, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, acting upon a report by the health officer of said District, filed in the Police Court of the District aforesaid an information against Harry B. Koester, Washington, D. C., alleging that on April 13, 1920, the said defendant did offer for sale and sell at the District aforesaid, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, a quantity of citrate of magnesia which was adulterated.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it was sold under and by a name recognized in the United States Pharmacopœia and differed from the standard of strength, quality, and purity as determined by the tests laid down in the said Pharmacopœia, official at the time of investigation of the article.

On May 14, 1920, the defendant having failed to appear, the \$25 collateral that had been deposited by him to insure his appearance was ordered forfeited by the court.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**8308. Adulteration of citrate of magnesia. U. S. \* \* \* v. Charles S. Walter. Collateral of \$25 forfeited. (F. & D. No. 560-c.)**

On May 14, 1920, the United States attorney for the District of Columbia, acting upon a report by the health officer of said District, filed in the Police Court of the District aforesaid an information against Charles S. Walter, Washington, D. C., alleging that on April 13, 1920, the said defendant did offer for sale and sell at the District aforesaid, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, a quantity of an article of drugs, purporting to be citrate of magnesia, which was adulterated.

Adulteration of the article was alleged in the information for the reason that it was sold under and by a name recognized in the United States Pharmacopœia and differed from the standard of strength, quality, and purity as determined by the tests laid down in said Pharmacopœia, official at the time of investigation of the article.

On May 14, 1920, the defendant having failed to appear, the \$25 collateral that had been deposited by him to insure his appearance was ordered forfeited by the court.

E. D. BALL, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*