unbroken packages at Atlanta, Ga., consigned about November 19, 1926, alleging that the article had been shipped by the Dixie Outlet Co., from Memphis, Tenn., and transported from the State of Tennessee into the State of Georgia, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid vegetable and animal substance, to wit, weevil-infested, filthy, and decomposed lima beans, and weevils.

On February 14, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be sold for stock feed.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

14894. Misbranding of cottonseed meal. U. S. v. 400 Sacks of Cottonseed Meal. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 21617. I. S. Nos. 2344-x, 2347-x, 2348-x. S. No. E-5948.)

On February 2, 1927, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 400 sacks of cottonseed meal, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Lancaster, Pa., consigned by Humphreys-Godwin, Sheffield, Ala., alleging that the article had been shipped from Sheffield, Ala., on or about January 13, 1927, and transported from the State of Alabama into the State of Pennsylvania, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Choice-Prime Cotton Seed Meal 100 Pounds Net Guaranteed Analysis Min. Protein 41.12%."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded, in that the statement "Guaranteed Analysis Min. Protein 41.12%," borne on the label, was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser.

On February 16, 1927, John W. Eschelman & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., having appeared as claimant for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of $1,000, conditioned in part that it be relabeled under the supervision of this department.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

14895. Adulteration of canned blackberries. U. S. v. 750 Cases of Canned Blackberries. Default decree of destruction entered. (F. & D. No. 20717. I. S. No. 657-x. S. No. W-1834.)

On or about December 15, 1925, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 750 cases of canned blackberries, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Los Angeles, Calif., consigned by the Kelley Packing Co., Portland, Oreg., alleging that the article had been shipped from Portland, Oreg., on or about October 4, 1925, and transported from the State of Oregon into the State of California, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Kelley's Perfek Pak KP Co Packed By Kelley Packing Co. Chehalis, Wash. Blackberries."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On June 7, 1926, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of the court was entered, finding the product adulterated and ordering that it be destroyed by the United States marshal.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

14896. Adulteration of shell eggs. U. S. v. 5 Cases and 8 Cases of Eggs. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction or sale. (F. & D. Nos. 21316, 21317. I. S. Nos. 843-x, 845-x. S. Nos. W-2016, W-2017.)

On September 10, 1926, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 13 cases of eggs, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Denver, Colo., consigned by J. W. Williams, Republican City, Nebr., alleging that the article had been shipped from Republican City, Nebr., in two con-