14232. Misbranding of Syrup of Ambrozoin. U. S. v. 24 Bottles of Syrup of Ambrozoin. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 20528. S. No. E–5516.)

On October 22, 1925, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 24 bottles of Syrup of Ambrozoin, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped by the American Apothecaries Co., from Astoria, Long Island, N. Y., October 2, 1925, and transported from the State of New York into the State of Massachusetts, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis by the Bureau of Chemistry of this department of a sample of the article showed that it consisted essentially of ammonium chloride, sodium bromide, glycerin, sugar, alcohol, and water, with traces of terpin hydrate, an alkaloid, a phenolic compound, and menthol.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that the following statements regarding its curative and therapeutic effects, borne on the bottle and carton labels, (bottle) Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Pulmonary Phthisis And Other Respiratory Affections In Which A Mild Sedative Or Expectorant Is Required * * * Allays Cough, Promotes Expectoration. Exerts A Soothing Influence On The Inflamed Mucous Membrane Of The Bronchial And Pulmonary Passages And Relieves Congestion Of The Respiratory Organs * * * Dose * * * Repeated * * * Until Cough Is Allayed And Respiratory Discomfort Is Overcome, (carton) "Bronchitis Laryngitis Asthma Whooping Cough Pulmonary Phthisis * * * And Other Respiratory Affections In Which A Mild Sedative Or Expectorant Is Required * * * Allays Cough Promotes Expectoration * * * Exerts A Soothing Influence On The Inflamed Mucous Membrane Of The Respiratory Passages," were false and fraudulent, since the said article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed.

On April 27, 1926, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

C. F. MARVIN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

14233. Misbranding of cottonseed meal. U. S. v. 500 Sacks of Cottonseed Meal. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 20923. I. S. No. 2052–x. S. No. E–5212.)

On March 11, 1926, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 500 sacks of cottonseed meal, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Bangor, Pa., consigned by the Tuscumbia Cotton Oil Co., Tuscumbia, Ala., alleging that the article had been shipped from Tuscumbia, Ala., on or about February 12, 1926, and transported from the State of Alabama into the State of Pennsylvania, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: "Triangle Brand Cotton Seed Meal Guaranteed Analysis Protein 43.00%."

Misbranding of the article was alleged in substance in the libel for the reason that the statement borne on the label "Protein 43.00%" was false and misleading and deceived and misled the purchaser, since the product did not contain 43 per cent of protein.

On April 20, 1926, the Flory Milling Co., Bangor, Pa., having appeared as claimant for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of $250, conditioned in part that it be relabeled under the supervision of this department.

C. F. MARVIN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

14234. Misbranding of cottonseed meal. U. S. v. 600 Sacks of Cottonseed Meal. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 20728. I. S. No. 3782–x. S. No. C–4920.)

On December 19, 1925, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Iowa, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and