On March 27, 1927, the Humphreys-Godwin Co., Memphis, Tenn., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree of condemnation, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released to the claimant upon payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of $1,000, conditioned in part that it be salvaged or relabeled under the supervision of this department.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

15158. Adulteration of scallops. U. S. v. 13 1-Gallon Cans of Scallops. Default decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product delivered to charitable institution. (F. & D. No. 21683. I. S. No. 16023-x. S. No. E-5971.)

On February 8, 1927, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 13 1-gallon cans of scallops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by E. J. Steelman, from Townsend, Va., on or about February 3, 1927, and transported from the State of Virginia into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated, in that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

The charge recommended by this department was that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops, which recommendation was based on a finding that the scallops had been adulterated by the addition of water.

On February 24, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the portion found by this department to be fit for human consumption be delivered to a charitable institution, and the remainder destroyed.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

15159. Adulteration of scallops. U. S. v. 27 1-Gallon Tins and 9 1-Gallon Cans of Scallops. Default decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product delivered to charitable institution. (F. & D. Nos. 21682, 21684. I. S. Nos. 16021-x, 16024-x. S. Nos. E-5959, E-5972.)

On February 7 and February 8, 1927, respectively, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district libels praying seizure and condemnation of 36 gallons of scallops, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped by S. F. Smith & Co., in part from Oyster, Va., and in part from Cheriton, Va., on or about February 3, 1927, and transported from the State of Virginia into the State of New York, and charging adulteration in violation of the food and drugs act.

Adulteration was alleged in the libel with respect to 27 gallons of the article for the reason that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops. Adulteration was alleged in the libel with respect to the remaining 9 gallons of the product for the reason that it consisted in part of a filthy, decomposed, and putrid animal substance.

The charge recommended by this department was that a substance, water, had been mixed and packed with and substituted in part for scallops in both of the above lots, which recommendations were based on findings that the scallops had been adulterated by the addition of water.

On February 24, 1927, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the portions of the product found by this department to be fit for human consumption be delivered to a charitable institution, and the remainder destroyed.

W. M. JARDINE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

15160. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 2,499 Cases, et al., of Salmon. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 21867. I. S. Nos. 58-x, 59-x, 61-x, 10847-x. S. No. W-2141.)

On April 23, 1927, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and