

corn gluten feed, less than 24 per cent of protein, and less than 5 per cent of fat. The Mo Mylk dairy feed was labeled, "Guaranteed Analysis: Fat 4.00% * * * Fibre 12.00%, Ingredients: Cottonseed Meal, Corn Meal, Brewers Grains, Wheat Shorts, Alfalfa Meal, and Salt, Cane Molasses, Wheat Bran," whereas it was composed in part of ground kafir corn and peanut hulls, and contained less than 4 per cent of fat and more than 12 per cent of fiber. The Grade No. 1 24% Protein dairy feed was labeled, "24% Protein Dairy Feed * * * Ingredients: Corn Gluten Feed, Linseed Oil Meal * * * Dried Beet Pulp, Corn Feed Meal, Wheat Bran, Grey Shorts, Cottonseed Meal, Molasses and 1% Salt, Guaranteed Analysis: Fat 5.00%, Protein 24.00%," whereas it was composed in part of brewers' dried grains and contained less than 24 per cent of protein and less than 5 per cent of fat.

On May 9, 1930, a plea of guilty to the information was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$250 and costs.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17522. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 6 Tubs, et al., of Butter. Decrees of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released upon deposit of collateral. (F. & D. Nos. 24885, 24887. I. S. Nos. 027438, 027440. S. Nos. 3199, 3202.)

Samples of butter from the herein-described interstate shipments having been found low in milk fat, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the matter to the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts.

On June 12, and June 13, 1930, respectively, the said United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid libels praying seizure and condemnation of 6 tubs and 52 boxes of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Boston, Mass., consigned in two lots, on or about May 21, and May 28, 1930, respectively, alleging that the article had been shipped by the West River Creamery, South Londonderry, Vt., and had been transported from the State of Vermont into the State of Massachusetts, and charging adulteration with respect to a portion, and adulteration and misbranding with respect to the remainder, in violation of the food and drugs act. A portion of the article consisted of print butter labeled in part: (Wrapper) "West River Creamery Co. South Londonderry, Vermont;" (wooden box) "Fancy Creamery Butter."

It was alleged in the libels that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, which the said article purported to be, the act of Congress approved March 4, 1923, providing that butter contain not less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat.

Misbranding was alleged with respect to the print butter for the reason that it was labeled, "Butter," which was false and misleading, since it contained less than 80 per cent by weight of milk fat.

On June 23, and June 25, 1930, respectively, the West River Creamery Co., South Londonderry, Vt., having appeared as claimant for the property and having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation and forfeiture were entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the deposit of collateral in the amount of \$850, conditioned in part that it be reworked under the supervision of this department.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

17523. Adulteration and misbranding of beef scrap and bone. U. S. v. 30 Bags of Beef Scrap and Bone. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 24706. I. S. No. 012425. S. No. 3046.)

Samples of beef scrap and bone from the herein-described interstate shipment having been found to contain less than 55 per cent of protein, the amount declared on the label, the Secretary of Agriculture reported the facts to the United States attorney for the District of Maryland.

On April 5, 1930, the said United States attorney filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 30 bags of beef scrap and bone, remaining in the original unbroken packages at Denton, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Independent Manufacturing Co., from Philadelphia, Pa., on or about March 3, 1930, and transported from the State of Pennsylvania into the State of Maryland, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act. The article was labeled in part: (Tag) "From Independ-