On November 29, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30121. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 245 Cubes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. No. 43829. Sample Nos. 36340–D, 36341–D.)

This product contained less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On August 20, 1938, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 245 cubes of butter at Springfield, Mass., consigned on or about August 3, 1938; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by Mandan Creamery & Produce Co. from Mandan, N. Dak.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat, as provided by act of March 4, 1923.

On September 30, 1938, Mandan Creamery & Produce Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30122. Adulteration of shrimp. U. S. v. 12 Boxes and 825 Pounds of Shrimp. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 44645. Sample No. 20145–D.)

This product, which had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages at the time of examination, was found to be in whole or in part decomposed.

On December 17, 1938, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 12 boxes of shrimp at Wilmington, Calif., and 825 pounds of shrimp at San Pedro, Calif.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about December 13, 1938, by Frank Landell from Nogales, Ariz.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part, "Product of Mexico."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On January 13, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30123. Adulteration of shrimp. U. S. v. 15 Boxes of Shrimp. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 44604. Sample No. 20365–D.)

This product, which had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages at the time of examination, was found to be in whole or in part decomposed.

On December 14, 1938, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 15 boxes of shrimp at Wilmington, Calif.; alleging that the article had been shipped from Nogales, Sonora, Mexico, on or about December 13, 1938, by V. B. Estrella; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

Adulteration was alleged in that the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On January 14, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30124. Misbranding of canned peas. U. S. v. 126 Cases of Peas. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution. (F. & D. No. 42043. Sample No. 12676–D.)

This product fell below the standard for canned peas established by this Department because the peas were not immature, and it was not labeled to indicate that it was substandard.