district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 221 sacks of flour at North Little Rock, Ark.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about May 4, 1938, by the Kansas Milling Co. from Wichita, Kans.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled variously: "Wichita's Best Finest Short Patent Flour"; "Golden Seal Fancy Patent Flour Bleached"; "Full Value Flour * * * Bleached."

Adulteration was alleged in that the article consisted wholly or in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On September 27, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

29507. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 250 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 43066. Sample No. 23990-D.)

This product having been shipped in interstate commerce and remaining unsold and in the original packages, was at the time of examination found to be insect-infested.

On July 14, 1938, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 250 bags of flour at New Orleans, La.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about May 21, 1938, by the Fant Milling Co. from Sherman, Tex.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Red Elefant * * * Wheat Flour."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On September 29, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

29508. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 180 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 43085. Sample No. 37612-D.)

This product having been shipped in interstate commerce and remaining unsold and in the original packages, was at the time of examination found to be insect-infested.

On July 19, 1938, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 180 bags of flour at New Orleans, La.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about June 6, 1938, by Ismert-Hincke Milling Co., Kansas City, Mo.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Bleached I-H Thunderbolt Flour."

Adulteration was alleged in that the article consisted wholly or in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On September 29, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

29509. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 225 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 43086. Sample No. 37613-D.)

This product having been shipped in interstate commerce and remaining unsold and in the original packages, was at the time of examination found to be insect-infested.

On July 19, 1938, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 225 bags of flour at New Orleans, La.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about May 21, 1938, by the Red Wing Milling Co., of Red Wing, Minn., from St. Paul, Minn.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Hard Wheat Flour Gopher Brand Cream of West."

Adulteration was alleged in that the article consisted wholly or in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On September 29, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*