cle was labeled in part: "From E. E. Bushee, Rt. 2 So. Haven, Mich. Washed."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 10, 1937, the claimant having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

27969. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 16 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40938. Sample No. 67708–C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On November 15, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 16 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 8, 1937, by Eugene C. Schaack from St. Joseph, Mich., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 30, 1937, the claimant having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

27970. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 26 Bushels of Apples. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 40980. Sample No. 67720–C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On November 15, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 26 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about November 9, 1937, by Chas. Barowski, of Chicago, Ill., from Ludington, Mich., consigned to himself, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On December 7, 1937, the claimant having consented to the entry of a decree, the product was condemned and ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

27971. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 116 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 41017. Sample No. 59083–C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On September 13, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 116 bushels of apples at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped on or about August 29, 1937, by Rosenthal & Stockfish, of Chicago, Ill., from Benton Harbor, Mich., consigned to themselves, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Ferdinand D. Bahm, R. 1 Benton Harbor, Mich."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it harmful to health.

On November 5, 1937, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

HARRY L. BROWN, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

27972. Adulteration of apples. U. S. v. 98 Bushels of Apples. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 41233. Sample Nos. 49515–C, 59309–C.)

This product was contaminated with arsenic and lead.

On October 20, 1937, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 98 bushels of apples