

The article was alleged to be misbranded in that the statement, "Extract of * * * Digitalis of U. S. P. XI Strength of Tincture, Biologically Tested and Standardized by U. S. P. XI * * * Methods", borne on the bottle label, was false and misleading since it represented that the article had the strength of tincture of digitalis prescribed by the eleventh edition of the United States Pharmacopoeia, and that it was biologically standardized by the methods for testing prescribed by the pharmacopoeia; whereas it did not have more than two-thirds of the strength of tincture of digitalis as determined by the methods for testing tincture of digitalis prescribed by the pharmacopoeia.

On March 2, 1937, a plea of guilty was entered on behalf of the defendant and the court imposed a fine of \$300.

H. A. WALLACE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

27270. Adulteration and misbranding of Amidobar Compound A. U. S. v. Bellevue Laboratories, Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$50. (F. & D. no. 38628. Sample no. 58219-B.)

This product contained less barbital than declared on the label.

On April 8, 1937, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against Bellevue Laboratories, Inc., at New York, N. Y., alleging shipment by said corporation in violation of the Food and Drugs Act on or about April 11, 1935, from the State of New York into the State of Wisconsin of a quantity of Amidobar Compound A that was adulterated and misbranded. It was labeled in part: "Tablets Amidobar Compound A Amidopyrine 2 Grain Barbital 1 Grain * * * Bellevue Laboratories, Inc., New York, N. Y."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that its strength and purity fell below the professed standard and quality under which it was sold since each of the tablets was represented to contain 1 grain of barbital; whereas each tablet contained less than 1 grain, namely, not more than 0.65 grain, that is to say, not more than two-thirds of a grain of barbital.

It was alleged to be misbranded in that the statement "Tablets * * * Barbital 1 Grain", borne on the bottle label, was false and misleading since each of the tablets contained less than 1 grain of barbital.

On April 19, 1937, a plea of guilty was entered on behalf of the defendant and the court imposed a fine of \$50.

H. A. WALLACE, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

27271. Misbranding of San-Tone. U. S. v. Howell-Shrader Drug Co. and Andrew C. Howell. Pleas of nolo contendere. Fines, \$50 and costs. (F. & D. no. 38657. Sample no. 18602-C.)

The labeling on this veterinary preparation contained false and fraudulent curative and therapeutic claims. It contained no potassium iodide and no wormseed, two drugs which were listed as ingredients.

On April 12, 1937, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Iowa, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against the Howell-Shrader Drug Co., a corporation, Iowa City, Iowa, and Andrew C. Howell, alleging shipment by said defendants in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended, on or about August 19, 1936, from the State of Iowa into the State of Illinois of a quantity of San-Tone that was misbranded. It was labeled in part: "San-Tone * * * Manufactured Only By Howell-Shrader Drug Co. Iowa City, Ia."

Analysis of the article showed that it consisted essentially of sodium chloride, sodium sulphate, and small proportions of ferrous sulphate, copper sulphate, plant material, sulphur, charcoal, carbonates, and phosphates. No potassium iodide nor wormseed was detected.

It was alleged to be misbranded in that certain statements, designs, and devices regarding its therapeutic and curative effects, borne on the label of the bags on the attached tags, and in the circular contained in the bags, falsely and fraudulently represented that it was effective as a tonic, regulator, worm expeller, and splendid conditioner; effective to assist in relieving and preventing certain diseases, to aid digestion, to tone the system, to completely cleanse the system, to relieve constipation, and to remove worms; effective as a treatment for flu in hogs; effective to loosen the bowels, to pass off poisons and to reduce body and bowel fever; effective as a treatment for badly constipated and feverish hogs, and for very sick hogs that refuse to eat or drink; effective