26635. Adulteration of ciscoes (fish). U. S. v. 5 Boxes of Ciscoes. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38538. Sample no. 17113-C.)

This case involved a shipment of ciscoes which were infested with worms.

On October 28, 1936, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of five boxes of ciscoes at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in foreign commerce on or about October 27, 1936, by the Main Fish Co., Ltd., from Montreal, Quebec, Canada, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance and in that it consisted of portions of animals unfit for food.

On November 10, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

26636. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 2 Cans of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38553. Sample no. 16481-C.)

This case involved butter that contained mold, human and rodent hair, parts of insects, and nondescript filth.

On November 4, 1936, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two cans of butter at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 3, 1936, by W. L. Ould from Appomattox, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On December 9, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

26637. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 1 Can of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38554. Sample no. 16480-C.)

This case involved butter that contained maggots, mold, hair, and nondescript dirt.

On or about November 4, 1936, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one can of butter at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 31, 1936, by T. P. Haden, of Moormans River, Va., from Charlottesville, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On December 8, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

26638. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 1 Can of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 38555. Sample no. 16483-C.)

This case involved butter that contained cow hairs, insect wings and legs, small flies, nondescript dirt, and mold.

On November 5, 1936, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one can of butter at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 4, 1936, by Williams & Evans, from Flat Gap, Ky., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On December 8, 1936, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*