25215. Adulteration of frozen green peas. U. S. v. 1,184 Cartons, et al., of Fancy Green Peas. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond for segregation and destruction of unfit portions. (F. & D. nos. 36118, 36214. Sample nos. 35278–B, 35292–B.)

These cases involved shipments of a product labeled "Fancy Green Peas", which was found to be infested with insects.

On August 9 and 26, 1935, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 1,184 cartons and 1,125 cases of frozen green peas at Cleveland, Ohio, alleging that the product had been shipped in interstate commerce on June 27 and July 8, 1935, by the Frosted Food Sales Corporation from Hillsboro, Oreg., and that it was adulterated in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The product was labeled in part: "Net Weight 2½ Pounds. Birdseye Frosted Foods. Fancy Green Peas. Packed for Frosted Food Sales Corporation, New York, N. Y."

The product was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On August 26, 1935, the Frosted Food Sales Corporation having appeared as claimant for the property and having admitted the allegations of the libel and consented to entry of an order of condemnation, judgment was entered ordering the product to be released under bond conditioned that it be sorted and the unfit portion segregated and destroyed.

W. R. GREGG, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

25216. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 1,726 Cases, et al., of Canned Salmon. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond for segregation and destruction of decomposed portion. (F. & D. nos. 35873, 36101, 36115, 36116. Sample nos. 37974–B, 37978–B, 37988–B, 37998–B, 38016–B, 40408–B, 40410–B, 40411–B, 40425–B, 40427–B.)

These cases involved interstate shipments of canned salmon which was found to be in whole or in part decomposed.

On August 2, 5, and 9, 1935, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court five libels praying seizure and condemnation of 6,293 cases of canned salmon at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 17, June 21, and July 13, 1935, by the First Bank of Cordova, per W. R. Gilbert Co., Inc., from Cordova, Alaska, and that it was adulterated in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed animal substance.

On August 26, 1935, W. R. Gilbert Co., Inc., Cordova, Alaska, having appeared as claimant and having admitted the allegations of the libels and consented to a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that the decomposed portion be segregated under the supervision of this Department and destroyed.

W. R. GREGG, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

25217. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 225 Cases of Canned Salmon. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond for segregation and destruction of decomposed portions. (F. & D. no. 36109. Sample no. 39186–B.)

This case involved an interstate shipment of canned salmon which was found to be in part decomposed.

On August 12, 1935, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 225 cases of canned salmon at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 17, 1935, by the Nakat Packing Corporation, from Seattle, Wash., and that it was adulterated in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled on the cases, "48 ½ Lb. Flat Sultana Brand Alaska Red Salmon Distributors The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. New York, N. Y."; and on the cans, "Sultana Red Salmon Net Wt. 7¾ Ozs. The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Company New York, N. Y. Distributors."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance.

On August 27, 1935, W. G. Scott, doing business as Scotty's Packing Co., having appeared as claimant, and having admitted the allegations of the libel