in the treatment of Leucorrhoea, Vaginitis, and all Abnormal Discharges, * * * May be used as a local application to Ulcers, Wounds, Abscesses, etc."

On May 9, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the products be destroyed.

W. R. GREGG, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

25042. Misbranding of Slim. U. S. v. 62 Bottles and 6 Dozen Packages of Slim. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 35458, 35692. Sample nos. 28597–B, 28640–B.)

These cases involved a product which was labeled to convey the impression that it could be safely taken according to directions for the reduction of superfluous weight, but which contained an ingredient that might be harmful when so taken.

On May 6 and June 28, 1935, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 62 bottles and 6 dozen packages of Slim at Pittsburgh, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 19 and June 12, 1935, by the Slim Sales Co., Inc., from Cleveland, Ohio, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

Samples taken from the two shipments were found to consist of tablets containing 1.197 and 1.115 grains, respectively, of dinitrophenol per tablet.

The article was alleged to be misbranded in that the following statements and design regarding the curative or therapeutic effects of the article were false and fraudulent, since they led consumers to believe that the product might safely be taken according to directions for the reduction of superfluous weight, which was not the case: Design of slender woman on carton and bottle label; (Carton) "Slim the Scientific Way to Reduce"; (bottle) "Slim a Physician's prescription prepared under his personal supervision to aid in safely reducing overweight. Send a self addressed stamped envelope to our medical director with any question in regard to weight reduction or skin irritation. Directions for using 'Slim' Take one Capsule after breakfast and one after evening meal every day. Bottle contains twenty-eight capsules sufficient for two weeks treatment." Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the statement on the bottle label, "'Each Capsule contains one grain of Alpha Dinitrophenol", was false and misleading, since the article contained materially more alpha dinitrophenol than stated.

On June 8 and August 13, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

W. R. GREGG, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

25043. Misbranding of Sip O. U. S. v. 186 Bottles of Sip O. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 35540. Sample no. 23158–B.)

This case involved a drug preparation the labeling of which contained false and fraudulent curative and therapeutic claims.

On May 24, 1935, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 186 bottles of Sip O at Duluth, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 14 and February 14, 1935, by the McCabe Drug Co., from Fargo, N. Dak., and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

Analysis showed that the article consisted essentially of plant drugs, menthol, tar, chloroform, sugar, and water.

The libel charged that the article was misbranded in that the statements on the label, "For coughs * * * a valuable remedy for coughs * * * bronchitis, bronchial asthma * * * whooping cough, sore throat, catarrh, hay fever * * * hoarseness", constituted misbranding under paragraph 3 of section 8 of the Food and Drugs Act as amended.

On July 26, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

W. R. GREGG, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*