23471. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 8-Gallon Cans and One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33705. Sample no. 3804–B.)

On September 25, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cans of cream at St. Paul, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 21, 1934, in various lots by Bernard A. Liebelt, Willow City, N. Dak., Louis J. Wiebelhaus, Hartington, Nebr., and Ernest Houfek, Stirum, N. Dak.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 25, 1934, Miller & Holmes, St. Paul, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23472. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33706. Sample no. 3792–B.)

On September 20, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 5-gallon can of cream at St. Paul, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 17, 1934, by J. B. Howden, from Sutton, N. Dak., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 20, 1934, the Minnesota Creamery Co., St. Paul, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23473. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33707. Sample no. 3786–B.)

On September 24, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 5-gallon can of cream at St. Paul, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 20, 1934, by A. B. Chambers, from Balfour, N. Dak., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 24, 1934, the Sunshine Creamery Co., St. Paul, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23474. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 8-Gallon Cans and Two 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Consent decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 33708. Sample no. 3803–B.)

On September 24, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two 8-gallon cans and two 10-gallon cans of cream at St. Paul, Minn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about September 20, 1934, in various lots by Edward De Jong, Utica, S. Dak.; Henry Greenberg, Stuart, Nebr.; Geo. Demchuk, Kongsberg, N. Dak.; and E. Hinger, Pettibone, N. Dak.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in violation of section 7 of the said act in that it was decomposed.

On September 24, 1934, Miller & Holmes, St. Paul, Minn., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*