23540. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Two 5-Gallon Cans and One 8-Gallon Can of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34772. Sample no. 23410–B.)

On November 23, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 18, 1934, in various shipments by Claud L. Miller, Bonita, Tex.; E. R. Cofer, El Dorado, Okla.; and Frank Artley, Keyes, Okla.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 27, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the American Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23541. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34773. Sample no. 27262–B.)

On November 30, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one can of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 22, 1934, by Mary Baskins, from Ireland, Tex., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 1, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the Blue Valley Creamery Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23542. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Five 5-Gallon Cans. et al., of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34774. Sample no. 22774–B.)

On November 30, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of eight cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 21 and 22, 1934, in various shipments by Ernest Self, Waldron, Ark.; W. T. Burton, Barnsdall, Okla.; Elvin Stumpf, Lenexa, Kans.; H. T. Goff, Stigler, Okla.; Minnie Rushing, Grand Saline, Tex.; J. F. Partridge, Leonard, Tex.; Hull Feed Store, Eureka, Kans.; Edwin Smith, Gridley, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 1, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the American Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23543. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Eight 5-Gallon Cans and Three 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34775, Sample no. 23416–B)

On December 4, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 11 cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about December 24 and 25, 1934, in various shipments by Mrs. Grover Piatt, Schrayer, Kans.; Oscar Fink, Atoka, Okla.; Crossett Merc. Co., Crossett, Ark.; Jessie Tomlinson, Atoka, Okla.; B. C. Grimes, Kiowa, Okla.; M. S. Segers, Sulphur Springs, Tex.; American Butter Co., Vinita, Okla.; T. D. Pearce, Bokchito, Okla.; W. T. Clark, Tioga, Okla.; and Varah Griffith, Mount Vernon, Tex.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.