

interstate commerce, on or about November 24, 1934, in various shipments by L. J. Jenkins, Caney, Okla.; E. E. Moore, Bennington, Okla.; S. C. Roberts, Sharado, Tex.; J. J. Moody, Alba, Tex.; and R. Kearse, Fort Cobb, Okla.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 1, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the Spring Valley Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23590. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 5-Gallon Can and Three 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34860. Sample no. 22775-B.)

On November 30, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of four cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 24 and 25, 1934, in various shipments by Ralph Lillard, Gentry, Ark.; McAllister Bros., Gravette, Ark.; Bob Petty, Siloam Springs, Ark.; and Mrs. Stella Patille, Bloomburg, Tex.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 1, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the Blue Valley Creamery Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23591. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Eleven 5-Gallon Cans and Three 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34861. Sample no. 23412-B.)

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 14 cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 20, 1934, in various shipments by Mrs. L. E. Page, Sulphur Rock, Ark. (from Batesville, Ark.); John A. Fuhrman, Hennessey, Okla.; Mary Sweetin, Kiowa Okla.; G. P. Talley, Colbert, Okla.; B. E. Pembroke, St. Joe, Tex.; C. R. Brackett, Bennington, Okla.; Lloyd Ratliff, Washington, Okla.; E. F. Rowland, Coweta, Okla.; Roy Sisney, Coweta, Okla.; W. G. Howard, Bonita, Tex.; Luther A. Keel, Coweta, Okla.; Mrs. F. M. Collie, Crocker, Ark.; Mrs. H. Osmon, Bald Knob, Okla.; and Howard Custer, Okemah, Okla.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 28, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Spring Valley Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having recommended its immediate destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23592. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34862. Sample no. 3500-B.)

On November 30, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one 10-gallon can of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 22, 1934, by Geo. W. Zumwalt, from Vinita, Okla., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On December 1, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Harrow-Taylor Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having recommended its immediate destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23593. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 5-Gallon Cans, et al., of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34863. Sample no. 22770-B.)

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of five cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo. alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 19, 1934, in various lots by J. R. Blair, Abbott, Tex.; F. M. Blair, Colony, Kans.; Grady Stone, Bells, Tex.; John Moore, Bells, Tex.; B. A. Starr, Adams, Okla.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 30, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Spring Valley Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo., having recommended its immediate destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23594. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 8-Gallon Can and Two 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34864. Sample no. 27327-B.)

On November 23, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 16, 1934, in various shipments by Adolph Vajdak, Caldwell, Tex.; H. Richesin, Crickett, Ark.; H. K. Graves, Wellsville, Kans.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 27, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Blue Valley Creamery Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23595. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. One 10-Gallon Can of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34865. Sample no. 3496-B.)

On November 23, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one can of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 18, 1934, by J. B. Perry, from Bronson, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 27, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Borden's Produce Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23596. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Six 5-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34893. Sample no. 27261-B.)

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of six 5-gallon cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 22, and 23, 1934, in various lots