

from Fort Scott, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 30, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Borden's Produce Co., Kansas City, Mo., having recommended its immediate destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23601. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34898. Sample no. 27307-B.)

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of three 10-gallon cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 21, 1934, by O. W. Bottorff, Rogers, Ark., and R. A. Thornton, Muskogee, Okla., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 30, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption and the consignee, the Blue Valley Creamery Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23602. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Three 5-Gallon Cans and Six 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34899. Sample no. 27311-B.)

On November 28, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of nine cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 24, 1934, in various shipments by Bessie Carter, Thayer, Kans.; Latham & Son, Pleasanton, Kans.; Raymond Card, Coffeyville, Kans.; J. S. Knight, Adair, Okla.; Mrs. H. F. Williams, Madison, Kans.; Robert Tolliver, Wetmore, Kans.; R. H. Maas, Alma, Kans.; Anna White, Water Valley, Ark.; and R. G. Latimer, Arkinda, Ark.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.

On November 30, 1934, the product being spoiled and unfit for human consumption, and the consignee, the Meriden Creamery Co., Kansas City, Mo., having consented to its destruction, judgment was entered ordering that it be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23603. Adulteration of cream. U. S. v. Thirty-seven 10-Gallon Cans of Cream. Decree of destruction. (F. & D. no. 34900. Sample no. 22767-B.)

On November 23, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 37 cans of cream at Kansas City, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about November 17 and 18, 1934, in various shipments by Ben Chestnut, Chanute, Kans.; Lawrence Hickey, Coffeyville, Kans.; Nowata Produce Co., Nowata, Okla.; Geo. M. Zumwalt, Vinita, Okla.; Acme Service, Lawrence, Kans.; Morris Cash Store, Fulton, Kans.; Grenner Produce Co., Independence, Kans.; Galena Produce Co., Galena, Kans.; Avonell Akin, Baxter Springs, Kans.; W. J. Ross, Kincaid, Kans.; Dan Hummel, Mound City, Kans.; Geo. Columbia, Chetopa, Kans.; Ross Produce, Blue Mound, Kans.; Guy E. Turner, Girard, Kans.; and Farmers Union, Garnett, Kans.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was moldy, rancid, putrid, filthy, and decomposed.