

district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one barrel of crab meat at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 20, 1934, by H. C. Horseman, from Hampton, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance.

On September 17, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23133. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 1 Barrel of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33465. Sample no. 13977-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of crab meat which was found to contain filth.

On August 23, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one barrel of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 20, 1934, by J. H. Fleming & Co., from Portsmouth, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On September 23, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23134. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 1 Barrel of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33466. Sample no. 4861-B.)**

This case involved an interstate shipment of crab meat which was found to contain filth.

On August 23, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one barrel of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 20, 1934, by M. J. McPherson & Co. from Lynnhaven, Va., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On September 25, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**23135. Adulteration of pears. U. S. v. 516 Bushel Baskets, et al., of Pears. Decrees of condemnation. Product released under bond conditioned that deleterious ingredients be removed. (F. & D. nos. 33374, 34097. Sample nos. 2003-B, 2006-B, 3663-B, 3664-B, 3665-B.)**

These cases involved shipments of pears that had arsenic and lead on them.

On August 13 and 21, 1934, the United States attorneys for the District of Minnesota and the Eastern District of Wisconsin, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the respective district courts libels praying seizure and condemnation of 516 baskets of pears at Minneapolis, Minn., and 197 bushels of pears at Milwaukee, Wis., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by the Grand Junction Fruit Growers Association, from Grand Junction, Colo., the former on or about August 4, 1934, and the latter on or about August 11, 1934, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous or deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On August 15 and 22, 1934, the R. B. Crutchfield Brokerage Co., of Minneapolis, Minn., and the Grand Junction Fruit Growers Association, Grand Junction, Colo., having appeared as claimants in the respective cases, judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the pears be released under bond, conditions that they be cleaned so as to remove the poisonous ingredients.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*