22240. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 10 Tubs of Butter. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 32356. Sample no. 66120-A.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which was found to contain mold, insect eggs, fragments of feathers, rodent hair, and other extraneous matter.

On January 17, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about January 10, 1934, by Woodlawn Farm Dairy Co., from Scranton, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Tag) "From Woodlawn Farm Dairy Co. * * * Scranton, Pa."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On February 10, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22241. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 1 Tin (117 Pounds) of Butter. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 32363. Sample no. 67201-A.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which was found to contain clumps of mold and rodent hair.

On January 24, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1 tin, containing 117 pounds of butter, at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about January 16, 1934, by Huneycutts Cash Store, from Oakboro, N. C., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Tag) "From Huneycutts Cash Store, Oakboro, N. C."

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On February 19, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22242. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 1 Barrel (455 Pounds) of Butter. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. no. 32365. Sample no. 66119-A.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which was found to contain rodent and cow hairs and other extraneous matter.

On January 18, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of one barrel of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about January 2, 1934, by the Fairmount Produce Co., from Fairmount, Ga., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance.

On February 10, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

22243. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 2 Barrels of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product ordered sold as inedible grease. (F. & D. no. 32367. Sample no. 54372-A.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which was low in milk fat. A sample taken from the product was found to contain rodent and cow hairs, particles of feathers and nondescript debris, mold, insects, a maggot, and fiber.

On January 29, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 2 barrels of butter at Middletown,