

district court an information against Wm. Laning & Son Co., a corporation, Bridgeton, N.J., alleging shipment by said company in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on or about April 21, April 22, September 28, and December 9, 1932, from the State of New Jersey in part into the State of Pennsylvania and in part into the State of Maryland, of quantities of canned pumpkin which was adulterated. The article was labeled in part: "Silver Lake Brand Fancy Pumpkin \* \* \* Packed by Wm. Laning & Son Co., Bridgeton, N.J."

It was alleged in the information that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On February 19, 1934, a plea of guilty was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$400.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**22108. Adulteration of canned cold-pack strawberries. U. S. v. Samuel A. Moffett (S. A. Moffett Co.).** Plea of guilty. Fine, \$50. (F. & D. no. 31388. Sample no. 24322-A.)

This case was based on a shipment of canned cold-pack strawberries which were found to be in part decomposed.

On February 5, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against Samuel A. Moffett, trading as S. A. Moffett Co., Seattle, Wash., alleging shipment by said defendant in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on or about August 23, 1932, from the State of Washington into the State of California, of a quantity of canned cold-pack strawberries which were adulterated.

It was alleged in the information that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 5, 1934, the defendant entered a plea of guilty to the information, and the court imposed a fine of \$50.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**22109. Adulteration of tomato paste. U. S. v. Italian Food Products Co., Inc.** Plea of guilty. Fine, \$200. (F. & D. no. 31405. Sample no. 21520-A.)

This case was based on a shipment of tomato paste which contained excessive mold.

On March 1, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against the Italian Food Products Co., Inc., Long Beach, Calif., alleging shipment by said company in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on or about February 25, 1933, from the State of California into the State of New York, of a quantity of tomato paste which was adulterated. The article was labeled in part: "Norma Brand Tomato Paste \* \* \* Packed in California Expressly for Norma Packing Co., New York, N.Y."

It was alleged in the information that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a filthy and decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 12, 1934, a plea of guilty was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$200.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

**22110. Adulteration of canned tomato puree. U. S. v. North East Preserving Works, Inc.** Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$100 and costs. (F. & D. no. 31479. Sample no. 34633-A.)

This case was based on a shipment of canned tomato puree which was found to contain excessive mold.

On February 5, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against the North East Preserving Works, Inc., North East, Pa., alleging shipment by said company in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on or about December 28, 1932, from the State of Pennsylvania into the State of New York, of a quantity of tomato puree which was adulterated. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Sunlight Brand \* \* \* Packed by North East Preserving Works, Inc., North East, Pa., Tomato Puree."

It was alleged in the information that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On March 2, 1934, a plea of nolo contendere was entered on behalf of the defendant company, and the court imposed a fine of \$100 and costs.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*