1377. Adulteration of candy bars. U. S. v. 34 and 19 Boxes of Candy Bars. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3316. Sample Nos. 32295–E, 32296–E.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce, was in interstate commerce at the time of examination, and was found to be insect-infested at that time. When such infestation occurred was not determined.

On November 4, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Arizona filed a libel against 53 boxes of candy bars at Bisbee, Ariz., alleging that the article had been shipped within the period from on or about March 1 to September 25, 1940, by the Cardinet Candy Co., Inc., from Oakland, Calif.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Cardinet's U–NO" or "Cardinet's Rumba."

On December 12, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1378. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 44, 15, and 18 Cases of Candy. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 2772. Sample Nos. 26408–E, 26409–E, 26410–E.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and was in interstate commerce at the time of examination, at which time it was found to be insect-infested.

On September 9, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Oregon filed a libel against 77 cases of candy at Eugene, Oreg., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about January 25 to on or about March 21, 1940, by the Chicago Candy Association from Chicago, Ill.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled variously: "Tornado Chocolate-Nuts and Nougat A. McLean and Son, Chicago, Ill."; "Oh Henry. Home Package * * * Williamson Candy Co., Chicago"; or "Oh Henry 5 Cents."

On October 8, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1379. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 81 Boxes of Candy. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3048. Sample No. 32254–E.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and was in interstate commerce at the time of examination, at which time it was found to be insect-infested. When such infestation occurred was not determined.

On September 23, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Arizona filed a libel against 81 boxes of candy at Phoenix, Ariz., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 12, 1940 (consigned by the Santa Fe agent) from El Paso, Tex.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: (Bars) "Oh Henry * * * Williamson Candy Company, Chicago."

On January 17, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1380. Adulteration of candy bars. U. S. v. 38 Boxes of Candy Bars. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3042. Sample No. 3934–E.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and was in interstate commerce at the time of examination at which time it was found to be insect-infested. When such infestation took place was not determined.

On September 19, 1940, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York filed a libel against 38 boxes of candy bars at Rochester, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 1 and 28, 1940, by the Williamson Candy Co. from Chicago, Ill.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: (Boxes) "5¢ Oh Henry Candy."

On November 15, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.