

Tulsa, Okla., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 23, 1940, by the Slade Gorton Co. from Boston, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated for the reasons appearing above. The article was labeled in part: "10 Lbs. Red Perch Fillets * * * Deep Sea Brand T. & J. Busalacchi Inc. Boston, Mass."

On August 6, 1940, John A. Wooten, Tulsa, Okla., claimant, having consented to the entry of an order of destruction, judgment was entered ordering the product turned over to the zoo for food for the animals.

1953. Adulteration of frozen whiting. U. S. v. 235 Boxes of H. & G. Whiting. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3347. Sample No. 31863-E.)

Examination of this product showed the presence of decomposed fish.

On November 15, 1940, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed a libel (amended January 22, 1941) against 235 boxes of whiting at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped on September 17, 1940, by Gloucester Seafoods Corporation from Gloucester, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

On January 28, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1954. Adulteration of stockfish. U. S. v. 284 Bundles of Stockfish. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for re-export. (F. D. C. No. 3678. Sample Nos. 31070-E, 31792-E.)

Examination of this product showed that it was in part decomposed.

On January 14, 1941, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington filed a libel against 284 bundles of stockfish at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 2, 1941, by P. V. Bright & Co. from Chicago, Ill.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. This shipment consisted of goods which had been imported and rejected by the importer. The article was labeled in part: "Stock Fish Product of Japan."

On May 2, 1941, P. V. Bright & Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that it be exported to Japan.

1955. Misbranding of sardines. U. S. v. 99 and 51 Cases of Canned Sardines. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for relabeling. (F. D. C. No. 2351. Sample Nos. 1990-E, 1991-E.)

Examination of this product showed that the fish occupied on an average about 66 percent of the space in the can.

On July 11, 1940, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia filed a libel against 150 cases of canned sardines at Richmond, Va., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 18 and 22, 1940, from Ellsworth and Waukeag, Maine, by the Stinson Canning Co.; and charging that it was misbranded in that its containers were so made, formed, or filled as to be misleading. The article was labeled in part: (Can) "Beach Cliff Brand Net Weight 3¼ Ozs."

On February 21, 1941, the Stinson Canning Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that it be relabeled in a manner complying with the law.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

CANNED FRUITS

1956. Adulteration of canned blackberries. U. S. v. 249 Cartons of Canned Blackberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3354. Sample No. 21855-E.)

Examination of this product disclosed the presence of moldy berries.

On November 6, 1940, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California filed a libel against 249 cartons, each containing 6 No. 10 cans, of blackberries at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 14, 1940, by Midfield Packers from Olympia, Wash.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly