2419. Adulteration of frozen pollack fillets. U. S. v. 51 Boxes of Pollack Fillets. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5450. Sample No. 59397–E.)

On August 27, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of West Virginia filed a libel against 51 boxes of pollack fillets at Charleston, W. Va., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 6, 1941, by the American Fish Co. from Boston, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: (Boxes) "Cape Ann Brand Pollock Fillets Packed By Cape Ann Fisheries Inc. Gloucester, Mass."

On September 23, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2420. Adulteration of frozen pollack fillets. U. S. v. 127 Boxes of Frozen Pollack Fillets. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5643. Sample No. 59622–E.)

On September 9, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of West Virginia filed a libel against 127 boxes of pollack fillets at Charleston, W. Va., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 23, 1941, by Cape Ann Fisheries, Inc., from Gloucester, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: (Boxes) "Cape Ann Brand Pollock Fillets."

On September 23, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2421. Adulteration of whiting and cod fillets. U. S. v. 238 and 350 Cases of Whiting Fillets and 72 Boxes of Cod Fillets. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 5591, 5622. Sample Nos. 59602–E, 59619–E.)

On August 29 and September 6, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of West Virginia filed libels against 588 cases of whiting fillets and 72 boxes of cod fillets at Charleston, W. Va., alleging that the articles had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 9 and 21, 1941, by 40-Fathom Fish, Inc., from Boston, Mass.; and charging that they were adulterated in that they consisted in whole or in part of decomposed substances. The articles were labeled in part: "H & G Whiting [or "Skinless Cod Fillets Perch] * * * Packed by General Seafoods Corporation Boston, Mass."

On September 23 and 26, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

2422. Adulteration of frozen whiting. U. S. v. 44 Cartons of Whiting Fillets. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5620. Sample No. 49928–E.)

On September 4, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Texas filed a libel against 44 cartons, each containing 20 pounds, of whiting at Houston, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 17, 1941, by the Gorton-Pew Fisheries Co. from Gloucester, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: (Cartons) "Gortons Whiting Fillets Cello."

On October 20, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2423. Adulteration of frozen whiting. U. S. v. 67 Boxes of Whiting. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5453. Sample No. 29731–E.)

On August 26, 1941, the United States attorney for the Western District of Kentucky filed a libel against 67 boxes of whiting at Louisville, Ky., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 8, 1941, by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. from Boston, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Produced by Gloucester Fresh Fish Co. * * * H&G (or D) Whiting."

On September 16, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.