

the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be rendered immediately or denatured into soap stock under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3246. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 200 Cases of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be converted into refined butter oil. (F. D. C. No. 7102. Sample No. 87853-E.)

On March 10, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed a libel against 200 cases containing a total of 6,385 pounds of butter at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about March 3, 1942, by the Wm. Schluderberg-T. J. Kurdle Co. from Baltimore, Md., to the Commissary, Fort Eustis, Va., and that subsequently it had been returned; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed animal substance. A portion of the article was labeled in part: (Cartons) "Esskay Quality Food Products"; (wrappers) "Meramec Farms Brand Country Style Butter."

On March 27, 1942, Sugar Creek Creamery Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be converted into refined butter oil under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3247. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 117 Cartons of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be converted into refined butter oil. (F. D. C. No. 7101. Sample No. 1031-E.)

On March 10, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed a libel against 117 cartons containing a total of 3,725 pounds of butter at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 10, 1942, by Sugar Creek Creamery Co. from Louisville, Ky.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed animal substance. The article was labeled in part: (Wrappers) "Meramec Farms Brand Country Style Butter."

On March 10, 1942, Sugar Creek Creamery Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be converted into refined butter oil under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3248. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 40 Tubs of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. Decree amended to permit manufacturing product into butter oil. (F. D. C. No. 5718. Sample No. 57703-E.)

Samples of this product were found to be decomposed and other samples were found to be deficient in milk fat.

On or about August 18, 1941, the United States attorney for the Western District of Arkansas filed a libel against 40 tubs of butter at Fort Smith, Ark., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 1 and 16 and July 7, 1941, by Tahlequah Ice, Ice Cream & Bottling Co. from Tahlequah, Okla.; and charging that it was adulterated. It was labeled in part: "Creamery Butter The Peter Fox Sons Co. Distributors Chicago Ill."

A portion was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, putrid, and decomposed substance. The remainder was alleged to be adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom.

On February 13, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed. On February 20, 1942, on petition of the Tahlequah Ice, Ice Cream & Bottling Co., an order was entered amending the decree to permit release of the product under bond for reprocessing and reconditioning under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The product was converted into butter oil.

Nos. 3249 to 3257 report actions based on interstate shipments of butter that was deficient in milk fat.

3249. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Axel E. Borglum, John A. Knudsen, and Edwin Knudsen (Center Milk Products Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$100 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 5551. Sample No. 62212-E.)

On December 31, 1941, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri filed an information against Axel E. Borglum, John A. Knudsen, and Edwin Knudsen, copartners trading as Center Milk Products Co., Maryville, Mo., alleging shipment in interstate commerce on or about April 28, 1941,

from the State of Missouri into the State of Illinois of a quantity of butter which was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom; and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. It was labeled in part: "Creamery Butter The Peter Fox Sons Co. Distributors * * * Chicago, Ill."

On February 16, 1942, a plea of guilty was entered and the court imposed a fine of \$100 and costs.

3250. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Cloverleaf Creameries, Inc. Plea of nolo contendere. Fines totaling \$150. (F. D. C. No. 6414. Sample Nos. 29729-E, 42423-E, 42577-E.)

On April 1, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Indiana filed an information against Cloverleaf Creameries, Inc., Decatur, Ind., alleging shipment on or about May 26, June 1, and July 25, 1941, from the State of Indiana into the States of Pennsylvania and Ohio, of quantities of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted or abstracted therefrom, and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. Portions of the article were labeled in part: (Rolls) "Country Roll Butter * * * Wilson & Co. Distributors * * * Chicago, Ill."; or "Country Roll Style Silverbrook Creamery Butter * * * The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. New York, N. Y., Distributors." The remainder was unlabeled.

On April 17, 1942, a plea of nolo contendere having been entered on behalf of the defendant, the court imposed a fine of \$50 on each count, totaling \$150, and costs.

3251. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Gwinner Co-operative Creamery. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$25. (F. D. C. No. 6419. Sample No. 46373-E.)

On March 7, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of North Dakota filed an information against Gwinner Co-operative Creamery, a corporation at Gwinner, N. Dak., alleging shipment on or about June 9, 1941, from the State of North Dakota into the State of New York of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom, and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Distributors Zenith-Godley Co. N. Y."

On April 8, 1942, a plea of guilty having been entered on behalf of the defendant, the court imposed a fine of \$25 and costs.

3252. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Hannover Creamery Association. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$50. (F. D. C. No. 5548. Sample Nos. 54115-E, 54119-E.)

On January 3, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of North Dakota filed an information against the Hannover Creamery Association, a corporation, Hannover, N. Dak., alleging shipment on or about May 29 and June 6, 1941, from the State of North Dakota into the State of Pennsylvania, of quantities of butter which was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom; and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. A portion was labeled in part: "Frank Hellerick Co., Inc. 3515 Phila Pa 64 Lbs Net."

On February 2, 1942, a plea of guilty was entered on behalf of the defendant and the court imposed a fine of \$50.

3253. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Heatwole Cooperative Creamery Association. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$25. (F. D. C. No. 6420. Sample No. 56914-E.)

On April 13, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed an information against Heatwole Cooperative Creamery Association, a corporation at Heatwole, Minn., alleging shipment on or about June 10, 1941, from the State of Minnesota into the State of New York of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom, and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Distributors Zenith-Godley Co. N. Y. * * * Cremoland Sweet Cream Butter A Product Of Farmers' Cooperative Creameries."

On April 13, 1942, a plea of guilty having been entered on behalf of the defendant, the court imposed a fine of \$25.