York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 12 and 24, 1941, by A. Katz, Etra Mills from Hightstown, N. J.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On November 14, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**3656. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 26 Bags of Flour. Consent decree ordering product released under bond to be denatured.** (F. D. C. No. 5789. Sample No. 57860–E.)

On or about September 24, 1941, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri filed a libel against 26 bags of flour at Olean, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 21 and August 28, 1941, by the Russell Milling Co. from Russell, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On March 17, 1942, the Olean Milling Co., Olean, Mo., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released under bond for denaturing under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration and that it be disposed of for purposes other than human consumption.

**3657. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 22 Bags of Pastry Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for disposal in industrial use.** (F. D. C. No. 6979. Sample No. 84560–E.)

This product had been stored by the consignee under insanitary conditions. Every bag was rodent-gnawed in two or more places; rodent pellets and rodent urine were observed on some of the bags.

On or about March 5, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of Connecticut filed a libel against 22 98-pound bags of pastry flour at Bridgeport, Conn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 7 and November 19, 1941, by Sands, Taylor & Wood Co. from Boston, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

On April 22, 1942, Henry Bresky & Sons, Bridgeport, Conn., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be disposed of to a foundry for industrial use.

**3658. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 67 Bags and 28 Bags of Flour. Product ordered released under bond for denaturing.** (F. D. C. No. 5787. Sample No. 57858–E.)

On or about September 24, 1941, the United States attorney for the Western District of Missouri filed a libel against 95 bags of flour at Olean, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 15, 1940 and May 6, 1941, by Security Flour Mills Co. from Abilene, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part "24 Lbs. * * * Havasak Flour * * * Bleached."

On March 23, 1942, the Olean Milling Co., Olean, Mo., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released under bond to be denatured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**3659. Adulteration of cake flour. U. S. v. 42 Sacks of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 7411. Sample No. 71427–E.)

This product had been held under insanitary conditions after receipt in interstate commerce, and, when examined, many of the bags had been contaminated with rodent excreta.

On April 28, 1942, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Illinois filed a libel against 42 sacks of flour at Peoria, Ill., alleging that the article was in possession of Thomas & Clarke, that it had been shipped in interstate commerce, from Grand Rapids, Mich., on or about March 24, 1942; and charging that it was adulterated in that it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth. It was labeled in part: (Tags) "98 lbs. net Perfection Cake Flour."

On July 14, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.