uct was ordered released under bond for reworking under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

On October 9, 1943, no claimant having appeared for the remaining lot, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered denatured.

4959. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 1 Case and 1 Case and 6 Cases of Butter. Default decrees of condemnation. One lot ordered distributed to a charitable institution. Remaining lot ordered disposed of according to the instructions of the War Production Board. (F. D. C. Nos. 9567, 10477. Sample Nos. 32629-F, 42177-F.)

On February 22 and July 21, 1943, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Kentucky filed libels against 1 case of 50-pound prints and 1 case of 47-pound prints of butter at Maysville, Ky., and 6 cases, each containing 50 pounds, of butter at Covington, Ky., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 10 and July 18, 1943, by French-Bauer, Inc., Cincinnati, Ohio; and charging that it was adulterated and misbranded. The article was labeled in part: (Carton) "One Pound Net Weight Clover Blossom Brand Creamery Butter."

The lot located at Covington, Ky., was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed substance, since analysis of a sample showed the product to have a high mold mycelia count which was conclusive evidence of decomposition.

The lot located at Maysville, Ky., was alleged to be misbranded in that the prints did not contain "One pound net," as labeled.

On March 22 and August 11, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the lot located at Maysville, Ky., was ordered delivered to a charitable institution. The lot located at Covington, Ky., was ordered to be disposed of according to the instructions of the War Production Board.

4960. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. John Porter Castleberry (Cedar Hill Farms). Plea of guilty. Fine, $50. (F. D. C. No. 8801. Sample Nos. 4796-F, 4797-F.)

On February 17, 1943, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio filed an information against John Porter Castleberry, trading as Cedar Hill Farms at Mariemont, Ohio, alleging shipment on or about September 4 and 9, 1942, from the State of Ohio into the State of Kentucky of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom; and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: (Cartons and wrappers) "Regal Brand Creamery Butter * * * Distributed By Regal Stores Cincinnati, Ohio (or Indianapolis, Ind.)."

On July 1, 1943, a plea of guilty having been entered in behalf of the defendant, the court imposed a fine of $50.

4961. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 9 Tubs of Butter. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reworked. (F. D. C. No. 8981. Sample No. 10811-F.)

On November 20, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California filed a libel against 9 64-pound tubs of butter at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 30, 1942, by the Land O'Lakes Creameries, Inc., from Chicago, Ill.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Distributed by the Kroger Grocery & Baking Co. * * * Chicago."

On December 31, 1942, the Land O'Lakes Creameries, Inc., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for reworking under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

4962. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 35 Tubs and 2 Boxes of Butter. Decrees of condemnation. One lot ordered released under bond for reworking; remaining lot ordered sold to the highest bidder for use for non-food purposes. (F. D. C. Nos. 9570, 9966. Sample Nos. 38116-F, 38260-F.)

On March 5 and April 5, 1943, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed libels against 35 tubs and 2 boxes of butter at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 2 and March 26, 1943, by the Spooner Cooperative Creamery Co., from Spooner, Wis.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On March 16, 1943, the Kroger Grocery & Baking Co. of Chicago, Ill., having appeared as claimant for the 35 tubs of butter and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered re-