

and some of the bags had been torn. Examination of samples showed that the product contained rodent excreta, floor sweepings, larvae, and webbing.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: On or about June 3, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

6061. Adulteration of soya grits. U. S. v. 28 Bags of Alsoy (Coarse Grits). Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered for use of the National Zoological Park. (F. D. C. No. 11543. Sample No. 58527-F.)

LIBEL FILED: December 30, 1943, District of Columbia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 22, 1943, by the Soya Corporation of America, from Hagerstown, Md.

PRODUCT: 28 bags of soya grits, at Washington, D. C.

LABEL, IN PART: (Tag) "Sycora Brand (Patented Process) Alsoy (Coarse Grits)."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae, insect fragments, insect excreta, and webbing.

DISPOSITION: June 22, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered for the use of the National Zoological Park.

6062. Adulteration of soya products. U. S. v. 150 Bags and 72 Bags of Alsoy and 300 Bags of Cured Soya Beans. Consent decree of condemnation. Products ordered released under bond for conversion into animal feed. Decree amended to provide for delivery of portion of products for use of the National Zoological Park. (F. D. C. No. 11545. Sample Nos. 58703-F to 58705-F, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: December 30, 1943, District of Columbia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 25, 1943, from Hagerstown, Md.

PRODUCT: 150 bags of Alsoy (coarse grits), 300 bags of cured soya beans, and 72 bags of Alsoy (fine grits), at Washington, D. C., in possession of the Terminal Refrigerating and Warehouse Corporation.

These products were stored, after shipment, under insanitary conditions. The bags had been gnawed by rodents, and rodent pellets and urine stains were found on the bags. Examination of samples showed that the products contained rodent hairs, insect fragments, insect excreta, and larvae, and that one lot also contained rodent excreta.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: June 12, 1944. The Welfare & Recreational Association of Public Buildings and Grounds, Inc., Washington, D. C., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered released under bond to be denatured and converted into feed for animals, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. On July 11, 1944, an amended decree was entered with the consent of the claimant, ordering that 16 bags of Alsoy (coarse grits) which had been overlooked when the products were released to the claimant be delivered for the use of the National Zoological Park.

6063. Adulteration of rice and soya beans. U. S. v. 17 Bags of Rice and 25 Bags of Soya Beans. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to the National Zoological Park. (F. D. C. No. 12326. Sample Nos. 79511-F, 79512-F.)

LIBEL FILED: May 4, 1944, District of Columbia.

PRODUCT: 17 100-pound bags of rice and 25 bags of soya beans at Washington, D. C., in possession of Mee Wah Lung.

The articles were stored in a heavily rodent-infested room. The bags were torn and urine-stained, and the products had spilled from the bags and were mixed with rodent excreta. Examination of samples showed that the articles contained rodent excreta, rodent hairs, and insect fragments.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: June 27, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered delivered to the National Zoological Park.

6064. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 42 Bags of Rice. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to the National Zoological Park for use as animal feed. (F. D. C. No. 12170. Sample No. 58777-F.)

LIBEL FILED: April 11, 1944, District of Columbia.

PRODUCT: 42 bags, each containing 100 pounds, of rice at Washington, D. C., in possession of Tuck Cheong & Co.

This product was stored, after shipment, under insanitary conditions. The bags had been cut by rodents and contained nesting material, rodent excreta, and urine stains. Samples of the rice examined contained rodent excreta and rodent hairs.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: June 19, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to the National Zoological Park for its use and not for sale.

6065. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 58 Bags of Rice. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for segregation and destruction of the unfit portion. (F. D. C. No. 12405. Sample No. 13320-F.)

LIBEL FILED: May 20, 1944, District of Idaho.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 11, 1944, from Sacramento, Calif.

PRODUCT: 58 100-pound bags of rice in possession of the Pacific Fruit & Produce Co., Boise, Idaho.

This product had been stored, after shipment, under insanitary conditions. The bags contained rodent-chewed holes, rodent excreta, and urine stains. Several mouse nests were found in the stack. Examination disclosed the presence of rodent excreta and rodent hairs.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), in that the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), in that it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 2, 1944. The Pacific Fruit and Produce Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for the segregation of the good portion from the bad, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency, and the destruction of the unfit portion.

CHOCOLATE, SUGARS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS *

CANDY

6066. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 250 Boxes of Candy. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 12072. Sample No. 70613-F.)

LIBEL FILED: March 30, 1944, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 25, 1944, by the Sanitary Automatic Candy Co., for the Surprise Candy Co., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: Candy, 250 boxes, each containing 48 bars, at Seattle, Wash.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bar wrapper) "Surprise Hy-Bar Made of Chocolate and Peanuts."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent hairs; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: September 16, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

* See also Nos. 6177, 6194.