

from colds, flu and similar illness. Each fluid oz. (2 Tablespoonfuls) contains: * * * Riboflavin (B₂) 4 mg. * * * Pharma-Craft Corporation, Distrs. Cranbury, N.J."

ACCOMPANYING LABELING: Leaflet entitled "Coldene Liquid Cold Medicine."

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION: Analysis showed that the article contained approximately 68 percent of the declared amount of riboflavin.

LABELED: 5-8-61, S. Dist. N.Y.

CHARGE: 402(b) (1)—when shipped and while held for sale, the valuable constituent, riboflavin, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the article; 403(a)—the label statement "Each fluid oz. contains: * * * Riboflavin (B₂) 4 mg." was false and misleading as applied to an article which contained less than the declared amount of riboflavin; the statements "M.D.R. for Niacinamide * * * not established," and "Need in human nutrition for * * * Methionine is not established," were false and misleading since they were contrary to fact; and 403(j)—the article purported to be and was represented as a food for special dietary use by reason of its vitamin and mineral content and its label failed to bear, as required by regulations, a statement of the proportion of the minimum daily requirement for vitamins B₁ and B₂, and niacinamide and for iron supplied by such food when consumed in a specified quantity during the period of one day.

The libel alleged also that the article was misbranded under the provisions of the Act relating to drugs as reported in notices of judgment on drugs and devices, No. 6806.

DISPOSITION: 7-6-61. Default—destruction.

28297. Y-Min tablets, Granular Y-Min, and vitamin C tablets. (F.D.C. No. 45541. S. Nos. 55-805/7 R.)

QUANTITY: 16 340-tablet btl. of Y-Min; 6 36-oz. btl. and 7 12-oz. btl. of Granular Y-Min; and 13 80-tablet btl. of vitamin C, at Parma, Idaho, in possession of Yensen Mineral Co.

SHIPPED: 12-28-60 and 1-25-61, from Los Angeles, Calif., and St. Louis, Mo.

LABEL IN PART: "340 Y-Min Tablets An Organic Mineral Vitamin Food Supplement (Complete except for Vitamin C which is in an accompanying container) * * * Distributed by The Yensen Mineral Co., Parma, Idaho. Prepared from concentrates of sea plants and green leafy vegetables; bone flour, and iron phosphate. Vitamin A made from lemon grass, Vitamin D from irradiated plant sterols. B Complex factors are as present in yeast, with Thiamine and Riboflavin added. * * * This is a concentrated Food Supplement"; Granular Y-Min An organic Mineral Vitamin Food Supplement (Complete except for Vitamin C which is in an accompanying container). Recommended in those conditions where an additional mineral and vitamin intake is indicated. * * * Distributed by The Yensen Mineral Co., Parma, Idaho, Contains concentrates of the sea algae *Macrocystis Pyrifera*, *Laminaria longifolia*, with specially processed wheat germ, bone meal, milk minerals, iron phosphate, and brewer's yeast. Also concentrates of the fresh fruits—apple, apricot, orange, lemon, banana, tomato, with escarole, and parsley concentrates. Vitamin A from lemon grass; Vitamin D from irradiated plant sterols; Vitamins B complex from yeast. Thiamin and riboflavin added. * * * Y-Min is a concentrated food supplement"; and "Vitamin C 80 Tablets Each tablet contains 100 milligrams (2,000 units) of Vitamin C (Ascorbic Acid) Yensen Mineral Company, Parma, Idaho * * * Dose: one to two tablets daily."

ACCOMPANYING LABELING: Leaflets entitled "Information for Y-Min users" and "About Food Supplements."

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION: The articles were shipped in bulk and repacked by the dealer. The leaflets were prepared on order of the dealer.

LIBELED: 4-10-61, Dist. Idaho.

CHARGE: Y-Min tablets with vitamin C tablets, 403(a)—while held for sale, the accompanying labeling contained false and misleading representations that the articles would maintain a milk supply for mothers; that the ordinary foods of the diet were "Foodless Food," "Saw Dust," and due to growing, harvesting, processing, storing, discarding, selecting, and cooking conditions, did not provide adequate nutrition; that the American diet supplied one-fourth of the requirements for minerals and vitamins; that the articles were a complete, balanced nutritional and organic food supplement which was safe for use according to their label directions by anyone except those who were allergic to their ingredients; that the articles were rich in those things which are most often lacking in the American diet; and that the articles contained all the unknown food factors in significant amounts for special dietary use; the label statements "An Organic Mineral Vitamin Food Supplement," "Complete except for Vitamin C," and "This is a concentrated food supplement," were false and misleading since they were contrary to fact; the statements which represented and suggested that the article contained significant amounts of green, leafy vegetables for special dietary use were false and misleading since they were contrary to fact; 403(i) (2)—the article was fabricated from 2 or more ingredients and the label failed to bear the common or usual name of each such ingredient, since "sea plants" and "Green leafy vegetables" are not the common names of those ingredients; 403(j)—the article purported to be and was represented as a food for special dietary use by reason of its vitamin content and its label failed to bear, as required by regulations, a statement of the proportion of the minimum daily requirement for vitamin C supplied by such food when consumed in a specified quantity during a period of one day.

Granular Y-Min with vitamin C tablets, 403(a)—while held for sale, the accompanying labeling contained false and misleading representations that the articles would maintain a milk supply for mothers; that the ordinary foods of the diet were "Foodless Food," "Saw Dust," and due to growing, harvesting, processing, storing, discarding, selecting, and cooking conditions, did not provide adequate nutrition; that the American diet supplied one-fourth of the requirements for minerals and vitamins; that the articles were a complete, balanced nutritional and organic food supplement which was safe for use according to their label directions by anyone except those who were allergic to their ingredients; that the articles were rich in those things which are most often lacking in the American diet; and that the articles contained all the unknown food factors in significant amounts for special dietary use; 403(a)—the label contained false and misleading representations that the article contained significant amounts of wheat germ and the concentrates of fresh fruits of apple, apricot, orange, lemon, banana, tomato, and escarole and parsley, for special dietary use; 403(i) (2)—the article was fabricated from 2 or more ingredients and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each such ingredient since "sea algae," "Macrocystic Pyrifera," and "Laminaria longifolia," and "milk minerals," are not the common or usual names of those ingredients; and 403(j)—the article purported to be and was represented as a food for special dietary use by reason of its vitamin

content and its label failed to bear, as required by regulations, a statement of the proportion of the minimum daily requirement for vitamin C supplied by such food when consumed in a specified quantity during a period of one day.

The libel alleged also that the articles were misbranded under the provisions of the Act relating to drugs as reported in notices of judgment on drugs and devices, No. 6805.

DISPOSITION: 7-12-61. Default—destruction.

28298 Becoron tablets. (F.D.C. No. 47534. S. No. 71-806 T.)

QUANTITY: 535 bottles, at Evansville, Ind.

SHIPPED: 8-19-60, from Long Island City, N.Y.

LABEL IN PART: (Btl.) "Becoron 100 Tablets No. 10 Brand of B-Complex with Folic Acid and Iron each tablet contains: Vitamin Source Mg. * * * Folic Acid 0.5 * * * Two Tablets after each meal."

LIBELED: 6-13-62, S. Dist. Ind.

CHARGE: 402(a)(2)(C)—while held for sale, the article contained a food additive, namely, folic acid, which is unsafe within the meaning of 409 since it and its use or intended use were not in conformity with a regulation or exemption in effect pursuant to 409.

DISPOSITION: 7-27-62. Default—destruction.

MISCELLANEOUS FOODS

28299. Dried corn husks. (F.D.C. No. 47292. S. Nos. 31-035/6 T.)

QUANTITY: 35 60-lb. boxes and 91 55-lb. boxes, at Los Angeles, Calif.

SHIPPED: 12-29-61 and 3-2-62, from San Diego, Calif., after having been imported from Mexico.

LIBELED: 4-11-62, S. Dist. Calif.

CHARGE: 402(a)(3)—contained insects, insect excreta, insect larvae, and insect-chewed corn husks, while held for sale.

DISPOSITION: 6-29-62. Consent—claimed by Ysaias Torres of Ensenada, Baja California, Mexico and exported to original foreign supplier.

28300. Whitex Special Antioxidant. (F.D.C. No. 46874. S. Nos. 35-832/3 T.)

QUANTITY: 93 1-lb. jars and 12 5-lb. jars at Williston, N. Dak.

SHIPPED: 10-9-61, from Kingsport, Tenn., by Bond Co.

LABEL IN PART: "Whitex, Special Antioxidant, Ingredients: Sodium Bisulfite, Sodium Bicarbonate, Sugar, Citric Acid, Ascorbic Acid; * * * The Bond Company, P.O. Box 991, 215 Commerce Street, Kingsport, Tennessee" or "For Potatoes only Tower Supply Co., Inc. 1815-19 West St. Joe Street, Rapid City, South Dakota."

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION: Analysis showed that the article contained a fluoride compound.

LIBELED: 12-29-61, Dist. N. Dak.; amended libel 2-12-62.

CHARGE: 402(a)(2)(C)—when shipped, the article contained a food additive, namely, a fluoride compound, which is unsafe within the meaning of 409, since it and its use or intended use were not in conformity with a regulation or exemption in effect pursuant to 409.

DISPOSITION: 3-15-62. Default—destruction.