6426. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 260 Sacks of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 12262. Sample No. 59174–F.)

LIBEL FILED: April 25, 1944, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 24, and 28, 1944, by Weigel Bros., from Oxford, Pa.

PRODUCT: 260 sacks, each containing 98 pounds, of flour at Baltimore, Md.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: May 20, 1944. Weigel Bros., claimant, having admitted the allegations in the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for use other than human consumption, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6427. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 2,599 Bags of Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 11791. Sample Nos. 50645–F to 50648–F, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about February 17, 1944, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: From on or about September 18 to October 2, 1943, from Frederick, Md.

PRODUCT: 2,599 100-pound bags of flour at Camden, N. J., in possession of the Campbell Soup Co.

The product had been stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Inspection of the storage room revealed evidence of insect and rodent infestation. Examination of samples showed that a portion contained insects, larvae, insect fragments, and insect excreta, and the remainder contained rodent excreta, rodent hairs, and insect fragments.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: March 17, 1944. The Campbell Soup Co., Camden, N. J., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be used in the manufacture of animal or poultry feed or to be destroyed or denatured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6428. Adulteration of plain flour and self-rising flour. U. S. v. 70 Bags of Plain Flour and 40 Bags of Self-Rising Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 11690. Sample No. 35562–F.)

LIBEL FILED: January 24, 1944, Western District of North Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 2, 1943, by the Winchester Milling Corporation, from Winchester, Va.

PRODUCT: 70 98-pound bags of plain flour, and 40 98-pound bags of self-rising flour at Matthews, N. C.

LABEL, IN PART: "High Patent Supreme Flour," or "Supreme Quality Flour * * * Self-Rising."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments and larvae.

DISPOSITION: March 11, 1944. E. M. Renfrow, Matthews, N. C., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be denatured and used for animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6429. Adulteration of plain flour and self-rising flour. U. S. v. 409 Bags of Plain Flour and 1,500 Bags of Self-Rising Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 11943. Sample Nos. 78003–F, 78004–F.)

LIBEL FILED: March 1, 1944, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: From on or about January 10 to 31, 1944, by the Dayett Mills, from Newark, Del.