

**DISPOSITION:** March 30, 1944. Cases consolidated; the Griesedieck Bros. Brewing Co., St. Louis, Mo., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that the unfit portion be segregated and denatured and disposed of for purposes other than human consumption, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**6443. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 504 Cases of Rice. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond.** (F. D. C. No. 11787. Sample No. 70914-F.)

**LIBEL FILED:** On or about February 17, 1944, District of Oregon.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 12, 1943, by the National Retail Owned Grocery Stores, from New Orleans, La.

**PRODUCT:** 504 cases, each containing 30 15-ounce packages, of rice at Portland, Oreg.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Packages) "Shurfine Brand Supreme Quality White Uncoated Rice National Retailer-Owned Grocers, Inc. Distributors Chicago, Illinois."

**VIOLATION CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of beetles, larvae, cast skins, and insect excreta.

**DISPOSITION:** March 3, 1944. United Grocers, Inc., Portland, Oreg., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**6444. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 22 Bales and 6 Bales of Rice. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 11595. Sample No. 30170-F.)

**LIBEL FILED:** On or about January 6, 1944, Western District of Washington.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 9, 1943, from Jennings, La.

**PRODUCT:** 22 bales, each containing 10 10-pound bags, and 6 bales, each containing 4 25-pound bags, of rice at Tacoma, Wash., in possession of the Pacific Fruit & Produce Co.

The rice was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Rodent pellets were scattered over and between the bales and on the floor. Urine stains were noted on the bales and the bags, and many of the bags had been gnawed by rodents. Examination of samples showed that the product contained rodent hairs, insect fragments, and larvae.

**VIOLATIONS CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** February 18, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**6445. Adulteration of granulated soy beans. U. S. v. 2 Bags of Granulated Soya Beans. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 10677. Sample No. 55406-F.)

**LIBEL FILED:** September 9, 1943, Western District of Washington.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 20, 1943, by H. Schoenfeld & Sons, Inc., from New York, N. Y.

**PRODUCT:** 2 bags, containing a total of 200 pounds, of granulated soy beans at Seattle, Wash.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Bags) "Callahan Supply Co., Seattle, Wash."

**VIOLATION CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of live worms, pupae, webbing, and excreta.

**DISPOSITION:** April 28, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**6446. Adulteration of soy grits. U. S. v. 80 Bags of Soy Grits. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond.** (F. D. C. No. 11746. Sample No. 61079-F.)

**LIBEL FILED:** February 4, 1944, Eastern District of Louisiana.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 22, 1943, by the A. E. Staley Manufacturing Co., from Decatur, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 80 100-pound bags of soy grits at New Orleans, La.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Staley's Packers Grits."

**VIOLATION CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, and insect fragments.

**DISPOSITION:** March 10, 1944. The A. E. Staley Manufacturing Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that it be denatured and sold for animal feed under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

## CHOCOLATE, SUGARS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS

### CANDY\*

**6447. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. Heller Candy Co., Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$1,250.** (F. D. C. No. 10557. Sample Nos. 20498-F, 22641-F, 22778-F, 37147-F, 37148-F, 45947-F, 46144-F.)

**INFORMATION FILED:** On December 27, 1943, in the Southern District of New York, against the Heller Candy Co., Inc., New York, N. Y.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** From on or about March 20 to May 8, 1943, from the State of New York into the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and the District of Columbia.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Licorice Leaves," "Honey Leaves," "Molasses Mint," or "Miniatures."

**VIOLATIONS CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of one or more of the following types of filth: Rodent excreta fragment, hair fragments resembling rodent or cat hairs, metal shaving, brush bristle, insect fragments, nondescript vegetable matter, a small amount of wax, rodent hair fragments, human hair fragments, soot, dirt, charcoal and coal fragments, and an insect (fly) fragment; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** January 18, 1944. The defendant having entered a plea of guilty, a fine of \$1,250 was imposed.

**6448. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. Charles C. Bennett (Novelty Peanut Co.). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$500 on count 1; sentence withheld on counts 2 and 3.** (F. D. C. No. 11343. Sample Nos. 6558-F, 43451-F, 47808-F.)

**INFORMATION FILED:** On March 17, 1944, in the Northern District of Texas, against Charles C. Bennett, trading as the Novelty Peanut Co., at Dallas Tex.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** From on or about July 8 to August 6, 1943, from the State of Texas into the States of Arkansas, Kansas, and Missouri.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Wrappers) "White Caps."

**VIOLATIONS CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of one or more of the following types of filth: Rat or mouse hairs, rat or mouse hair fragments, rat or mouse excreta fragments, live adult insects, insect larvae and insect larvae heads, insect larva fragments, insect excreta fragments, chitin fragments, insect fragments, insect excreta pellets, a worm skin, and a sugar mite; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** May 8, 1944. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, a fine of \$500 was imposed on count 1, and sentence was withheld on counts 2 and 3.

**6449. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 13 Cases of Candy. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 10315. Sample Nos. 31072-F, 42717-F.)

**LIBEL FILED:** August 7, 1943, Western District of Washington.

\*See also No. 6592.