

**6569. Adulteration of sesame seed. U. S. v. 19 Bags and 7 Bags of Sesame Seed. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 11882. Sample Nos. 50653-F, 50654-F.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** February 21, 1944, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 11 and February 7, 1944, by Richard J. Spitz, from New York, N. Y.

**PRODUCT:** 19 bags, each containing approximately 200 pounds, and 7 bags, each containing approximately 150 pounds, of sesame seed in Philadelphia, Pa.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Bags) "Frank Burns, Inc., \* \* \* Chinese Hulled Sesame Seed."

**VIOLATION CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, larvae, insect fragments, webbing, insect excreta, and rodent excreta.

**DISPOSITION:** March 1, 1944. Richard J. Spitz, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released, upon deposit of cash collateral, to be brought into compliance with the law under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The unfit portion was segregated and denatured.

**6570. Adulteration of imitation lemon flavor. U. S. v. 82 Cases of Imitation Lemon Flavor. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 12153. Sample No. 58640-F.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** April 10, 1944, Eastern District of Virginia.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about February 7, 1944, by the Purex Products Co., from Baltimore, Md.

**PRODUCT:** 82 cases, each containing 24 bottles, of imitation lemon flavor, at Richmond, Va.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Ken-Dawn Imitation Lemon Flavor Non-Alcoholic \* \* \* Distributed by C. D. Kenny Division Sprague-Warner-Kenny Corporation Baltimore, Md."

**VIOLATIONS CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a solution containing a trace of citral, having little or no value as a flavoring, had been substituted in whole or in part for "Imitation Lemon Flavor"; Section 402 (b) (3), inferiority had been concealed by mixing with water and color; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added so as to reduce the strength of the article, and color had been added so as to make it appear better or of greater value than it was.

**DISPOSITION:** May 6, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**6571. Adulteration of pimento catsup. U. S. v. 50 Cases of Pimento Catsup. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 11173. Sample No. 47843-F.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** On or about November 29, 1943, Eastern District of Missouri.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about May 28, 1943, by J. B. Robinson, from Cleveland, Ohio.

**PRODUCT:** 50 cases, each containing 12 bottles, of pimento catsup at Caruthersville, Mo.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Bottles) "Robinson's Pimento Catsup."

**VIOLATION CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

**DISPOSITION:** February 15, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**6572. Adulteration of chili sauce and hot sauce. U. S. v. Pablo Baca (La Victoria Packing Co.) Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$200. (F. D. C. No. 10601. Sample Nos. 13892-F, 14446-F.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** On December 16, 1943, in the Southern District of California, against Pablo Baca, trading as La Victoria Packing Co., Los Angeles, Calif.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 25 and April 13, 1943, from the State of California into the State of Arizona.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "La Victoria Brand Red Chile Sauce Salsa De Chile Colorado," and "Salsa Brava Brand Mexicana Hot Sauce."

**VIOLATIONS CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent hairs, fly heads, and fragments of flies; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the articles had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** January 17, 1944. The defendant having entered a plea of nolo contendere, the court imposed a fine of \$100 on each of 2 counts, a total of \$200.

**6573. Misbranding of soy sauce. U. S. v. 75 Cases of Soy Sauce. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 11585. Sample No. 65503-F.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** January 7, 1944, Eastern District of Washington.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about May 26, 1943, by the Glaser, Crandell Co., Inc., Chicago, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 75 cases, each containing 24 bottles, of soy sauce, at Spokane, Wash. The product was shipped unlabeled and there was no written agreement between the shipper and consignee as to labeling it.

**VIOLATIONS CHARGED:** Misbranding (when introduced into interstate commerce), Section 403 (e) (1), the article was a food in package form and it failed to bear a label containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor; Section 403 (e) (2), it failed to bear an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents; and, Section 403 (i) (2), it was fabricated from two or more ingredients and it failed to bear a label containing the common or usual name of each ingredient.

**DISPOSITION:** February 19, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**6574. Adulteration of Worcestershire style sauce. U. S. v. 47 Cases of Worcestershire Style Sauce (and 1 other seizure action against Worcestershire style sauce). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 11500, 11686. Sample Nos. 57481-F, 65911-F.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** On or about December 28, 1943, and February 3, 1944, District of New Jersey.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 27 and November 18, 1943, by Safe Owl Products, Inc., from Brooklyn, N. Y.

**PRODUCT:** 94 cases, each containing 24 5-ounce bottles, of Worcestershire Style Sauce, at Hoboken, N. J.

Examination showed that the product was in an active state of fermentation.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Bottle wrapper) "American House Worcestershire Style Sauce \* \* \* Distributed by American Grocery Co., Hoboken, New Jersey."

**VIOLATION CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

**DISPOSITION:** March 6, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

#### MISCELLANEOUS FOODS\*

**6575. Adulteration of Sunshine Coffee Cake Base and Rapi-Do. U. S. v. 26 Bags of Coffee Cake Base and 112 Bags of Rapi-Do. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for denaturing and use for technical purposes or for animal food. (F. D. C. No. 10950. Sample Nos. 34278-F, 34279-F.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 26, 1943, Northern District of Ohio.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 29 and May 12, 1943, by the Joe Lowe Corp., New York, N. Y.

**PRODUCT:** 26 bags, each containing 140 pounds, of coffee cake base, and 112 bags, each containing 140 pounds, of Rapi-Do at Youngstown, Ohio.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Tag on bags) "Sunshine Coffee Cake Base," or "Rapi-Do."

**VIOLATION CHARGED:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects, larvae, larva heads or capsules, and insect fragments.

**DISPOSITION:** December 28, 1943. The Hathaway Bakeries, Inc., Youngstown, Ohio, claimant, having admitted the facts in the libel, judgment of condemna-

\*See also No. 6407.