7008. Adulteration of white corn meal and flour. U. S. v. Alleghany Milling Co., Inc. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, $250. (F. D. C. No. 12527. Sample Nos. 46399–F, 59013–F, 59014–F, 59016–F, 59017–F.)

INFORMATION FILED: July 13, 1944, Western District of Virginia, against the Alleghany Milling Co., Covington, Va.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: From on or about October 15, 1943, to December 17, 1943, from the State of Virginia into the State of West Virginia.

LABEL, IN PART: "Virginia's Best White Bolted Corn Meal," "Safe Way Flour Special Patent" or "Pure Bred Flour."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of one or more of the following types of filth: Insect fragments, rodent execreta pellet fragments, rodent hair fragments, fragments of hair resembling rodent hairs, a larva, and larva heads; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: July 17, 1944. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered on behalf of the defendant, a fine of $250 was imposed.

7009. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 37 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 13210. Sample No. 79497–F.)

LIBEL FILED: August 10, 1944, Southern District of West Virginia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 25, 1944, from Springfield, Ill.

PRODUCT: 37 100-pound bags of flour at Charleston, W. Va., in possession of Charleston Food Products Co.

The flour was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets and urine stains were observed. Examination showed that the article contained larvae, insect fragments, and rodent hair fragments.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a)(3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 23, 1944. Fred F. French, Charleston, W. Va., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be manufactured into hog feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

7010. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 50 Bags of Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 13120. Sample No. 34906–F.)

LIBEL FILED: August 3, 1944, Middle District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 8, 1944, from St. Joseph, Mo.

PRODUCT: 50 100-pound bags of flour, at Thomaston, Ga., in possession of City Wholesale Co.

The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent-cut, and contained rodent pellets and urine stains. Examination showed that the product contained weevils, larvae, and cast skins.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 26, 1944. City Wholesale Co., claimant, having admitted the material allegation of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reworked for use as animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

7011. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 75 Bags of Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 11767. Sample No. 61080–F.)

LIBEL FILED: February 8, 1944, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT. On or about November 23, 1943, from Greenville, Tex.

PRODUCT: 75 98-pound bags of flour, at New Orleans, La., in possession of Maloney Trucking & Storage, Inc.

The flour was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent cut, and rodent pellets and urine stains were found on them.