

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae and webbing.

DISPOSITION: September 28, 1944. The Log Cabin Baking Co., Chico, Calif., claimant, having admitted that the flour was adulterated, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

7974. Adulteration of whole wheat flour and plain flour. U. S. v. 29 Bags of Flour (and 2 other seizure actions against flour). Default decrees of condemnation. Products ordered sold or destroyed. (F. D. C. Nos. 13178, 13838, 15701. Sample Nos. 63803-F, 80611-F, 26047-H.)

LIBELS FILED: Between August 5, 1944, and March 27, 1945, Southern District of Illinois, Southern District of Florida, and District of New Mexico.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of May 29 and August 3, 1944, by General Mills, Inc., from Minneapolis, Minn., Wichita, Kans., and Amarillo, Tex.

PRODUCT: 29 100-pound bags of flour at Peoria, Ill., 25 100-pound bags of flour at Tampa, Fla., and 45 25-pound bags and 10 50-pound bags of flour at Clovis, N. Mex.

LABEL, IN PART: "High Protein Type Gold Medal Whole Wheat Flour," or "Star-Way Flour 100% Whole Wheat Flour Bleached Red Star Milling Company of General Mills, Inc.," or "PurAsnow * * * Enriched Flour Bleached."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of weevils, beetles, larvae, and insect fragments.

DISPOSITION: Between September 5, 1944, and April 27, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered. A portion of the flour was ordered sold and denatured, so that it could not be used for human consumption, and the remainder was ordered destroyed.

7975. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched flour. U. S. v. 750 Bags and 1,120 Bags of Enriched Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 14463. Sample No. 62345-F.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1944, Eastern District of Texas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 12, 1944, by J. C. Lysle Milling Co., Leavenworth, Kans.

PRODUCT: 750 5-pound bags and 1,120 10-pound bags of enriched flour at Longview, Tex.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bags) "Bleached New Era Mills Perfect Flour White Crest Enriched."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁) and iron, had been in part omitted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour since it contained (750 bags) approximately 1.12 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B₁) and 9.17 milligrams of iron per pound, and (1,120 bags) approximately 1.09 milligrams of thiamine and 9.05 milligrams of iron per pound, whereas the standard requires 2.0 milligrams of thiamine and 13.0 milligrams of iron per pound.

DISPOSITION: January 2, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

7976. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched self-rising flour. U. S. v. 52 Bundles (2,600 pounds) of Enriched Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a public institution. (F. D. C. No. 14457. Sample No. 61769-F.)

LIBEL FILED: November 8, 1944, Middle District of Alabama.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: - On or about September 26, 1944, by the Mid-Kansas Milling Co., from Clay Center, Kans.

PRODUCT: 52 bundles, each containing 10 5-pound bags, of enriched self-rising flour, at Opp, Ala.

LABEL, IN PART: "Featherflake Bleached Flour Vitamin Enriched Flour Self-Rising."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁) and iron, had been in part omitted from the product. Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour since it contained approximately 0.94 milligram of thiamine (vitamin B₁) and 8.76 milligrams of iron per pound, whereas the standard requires not less than 2.0 milligrams of thiamine and 13.0 milligrams of iron per pound.

DISPOSITION: June 11, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed. On June 20, 1945, an amended order was entered providing for the delivery of the product to a public institution, for use as hog feed.

7977. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched self-rising flour. U. S. v. 13 Bags of Self-Rising Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 13695. Sample No. 61657-F.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about September 26, 1944, Northern District of Mississippi.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 10, 1944, by the Western Star Mill Co., from Salina, Kans.

PRODUCT: 13 bags, each containing 25 pounds, of enriched self-rising flour at Tupelo, Miss.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched * * * Colonial Girl Bleached Flour Self-Rising."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, thiamine (vitamin B₁), had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched self-rising flour since the standard requires that enriched self-rising flour shall contain in each pound not less than 2.0 milligrams of thiamine, but the product contained approximately 1.32 milligrams of thiamine per pound.

DISPOSITION: February 16, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

7978. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched phosphated flour. U. S. v. 175 Bags of Enriched Phosphated Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered donated to charity. (F. D. C. No. 13984. Sample No. 72479-F.)

LIBEL FILED: November 4, 1944, Western District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 2, 1944, by the Higginsville Flour Mill, Higginsville, Mo.

PRODUCT: 175 5-pound bags of enriched phosphated flour at Memphis, Tenn. Examination showed that the article contained approximately 1.0 milligram of vitamin B₁ and 9.6 milligrams of iron per pound. The definition and standard of identity for enriched flour, as amended, requires that it contain at least 2.0 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B₁) and 13.0 milligrams of iron per pound.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched Phosphated Flour Bleached Vitamins and Iron."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine and iron, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product contained less thiamine and iron than is required by the standard for enriched flour.

DISPOSITION: December 12, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered donated to charity.

MISCELLANEOUS CEREAL PRODUCTS

7979. Adulteration of cereal binder. U. S. v. 80 Sacks of Cereal Binder. Decree ordering product released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 12638. Sample No. 60052-F.)

LIBEL FILED: June 7, 1944, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 20, 1943, from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 80 125-pound sacks of cereal binder at San Francisco, Calif., in the possession of the Humboldt Warehouse of the Haslett Warehouse Co. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed and contained rodent excreta and urine stains. Examination of samples showed that the product contained rodent excreta, rodent hair, insects, insect fragments, and webbing.