VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: November 17, 1944. The Haslett Warehouse Co. having appeared as claimant, judgment was entered ordering the product released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervison of the Food and Drug Administration.

7980. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 200 Bags of Rice. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 14060. Sample No. 63806–F.)

LIBEL FILED: October 26, 1944, Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 25, 1944, by the Republic Rice Mill, Inc., from Gueydan, La.

PRODUCT: 200 100-pound bags of rice at Tampa, Fla.

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, and insect fragments.

DISPOSITION: March 28, 1945. Alex Demmi, Tampa, Fla., claimant, having admitted the material allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be disposed of in conformity with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. A portion was cleaned in order to eliminate all insect filth, and the remainder was converted into animal feed.

7981. Adulteration of rye meal. U. S. v. 60 Bags of Rye Meal. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 12655. Sample No. 60767–F.)

LIBEL FILED: June 12, 1944, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 22, 1943, by Frank H. Blodgett, Inc., from Janesville, Wis.

PRODUCT: 60 98-pound bags of rye meal at San Francisco, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: "Expressly Milled For Stiefvaters San Francisco Cal. * * * Pure Rock River Rye Meal."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae, moths, insect excreta, and webbing.

DISPOSITION: March 3, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

7982. Adulteration of starch. U. S. v. 22 Bags of Starch. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 14129. Sample No. 79748–F.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about October 28, 1944, Western District of Virginia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 9, 1944, from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 22 100-pound bags of starch at Roanoke, Va., in the possession of the Roanoke Public Warehouse. The article was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets were observed on the bags. Examination showed that the article contained rodent pellets.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 12, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

7983. Adulteration of starch. U. S. v. 85 Bags of Starch. Decree ordering product released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 12656. Sample No. 60056–F.)

LIBEL FILED: June 9, 1944, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 14, 1943, from Decatur, Ill.

PRODUCT: 85 140-pound bags of starch at Oakland, Calif., in the possession of the Haslett Warehouse Co. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Much rodent activity had occurred on the stack as evi-