

PRODUCT: 58 bales, each containing 10 5-pound bags, of enriched flour at Bath, Maine.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched Flour * * * Bleached * * * Gwinn's Jefferson Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE:—Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, vitamin B₁ and iron, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour since it contained approximately 0.28 milligram of vitamin B₁ and 4.05 milligrams of iron per pound, whereas the standard requires not less than 2.0 milligrams of vitamin B₁ and not less than 13.0 milligrams of iron per pound.

DISPOSITION: February 28, 1946. The Gwinn Milling Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that it be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

9447. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched flour. U. S. v. 86 Bags of Enriched Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution. (F. D. C. No. 18380-A. Sample No. 24762-H.)

LABEL FILED: On or about November 27, 1945, Northern District of Texas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 2, 1945, by the Hacker Flour Mills, from Jefferson, Okla.

PRODUCT: 57 25-pound bags and 29 50-pound bags of enriched flour at Greenville, Tex.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched Flour Hope Chest Quality Family Flour Bleached."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁) and iron, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding; Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity prescribed by the regulation for enriched flour since it contained approximately 1.52 milligrams of thiamine and 11.2 milligrams of iron per pound, whereas the definition and standard requires that the article contain not less than 2.0 milligrams of thiamine and not less than 13.0 milligrams of iron per pound.

DISPOSITION: January 7, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution.

9448. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched plain flour and enriched phosphated flour. U. S. v. Tex-O-Kan Flour Mills Co. (Burrus Mill and Elevator Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$100. (F. D. C. No. 16556. Sample Nos. 61618-F, 62049-F, 62197-F.)

INFORMATION FILED: October 30, 1945, Northern District of Texas, against the Tex-O-Kan Flour Mills Co., a corporation, trading as the Burrus Mill and Elevator Co., Fort Worth, Tex.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 24, September 11, and November 3, 1944, from the State of Texas into the State of Louisiana.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched * * * White Dove Flour," or "Enriched * * * Phosphated Light Crust Bleached Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁), in all shipments, and riboflavin, niacin, and iron, in one of the shipments; had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the statement, "Enriched 10 oz. of enriched flour contain not less than the following proportions of the minimum daily requirements of Vitamin B₁ (thiamine) 100%, and iron 37%, and 3.75 mg. of niacin," appearing on the label of one shipment of the article, was false and misleading since it represented and suggested that the article contained, per pound, the nutritional substances in the amounts prescribed by the regulations for enriched flour; and that 10 ounces of the article contained not less than 100 percent of the minimum daily requirement of the body for thiamine, whereas the article contained, per pound, lesser amounts of those nutritional substances than the minimum amounts required by the regulations, and 10 ounces of the article contained less than 100 percent of the minimum daily requirement of