9018. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 20 Bags of Corn Meal. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 15813. Sample No. 4450–H.)

LIBEL FILED: April 11, 1945, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 8, 1943, by the New Ulm Roller Mill Co., from New Ulm, Minn.

PRODUCT: 20 100-pound bags of corn meal at Philadelphia, Pa.

LABEL, IN PART: "Schneider & Lutz Yellow Corn Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae and webbing.

DISPOSITION: May 1, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9019. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 17 Bags of Corn Meal. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 16365. Sample No. 1008–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about June 18, 1945, Eastern District of South Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 2, 1945, from Chattanooga, Tenn.

PRODUCT: 17 100-pound bags of corn meal at Aiken, S. C., in the possession of Townsend and Co. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and a rodent nest was found in one bag. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta pellets, rodent hair fragments, weevils, and larvae.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 20, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

FLOUR

Nos. 9020 to 9026 report actions involving flour that was insect- or rodent-infested, or both. (In those cases in which the time of contamination is known, that fact is stated in the notice of judgment.) The flour reported in **No. 9027** failed to meet the standard for enriched flour.

9020. Adulteration of plain flour, self-rising flour, and corn meal. U. S. v. Winchester Milling Corporation and Charles F. Coffman. Plea of guilty. Fine, $200. (F. D. C. No. 14240. Sample Nos. 35562–F, 58803–F, 59193–F, 59194–F, 59196–F.)

INFORMATION FILED: March 23, 1945, Western District of Virginia, against the Winchester Milling Corporation, Winchester, Va., and Charles F. Coffman, president of the corporation.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of December 2, 1943, and May 24, 1944, from the State of Virginia into the States of North Carolina and West Virginia.

LABEL, IN PART: "High Patent Supreme Flour," "Supreme Quality * * * Self-Rising Flour," "Magnolia High Patent * * * Enriched Flour," or "Crystal Corn Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insect fragments, larvae, rodent excreta pellet fragments, rodent hair fragments, live adult insects, larva cast skins, and larva head capsules; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: October 23, 1945. A plea of guilty having been entered, the defendants were sentenced to pay a fine of $40 on each count, a total fine of $200.