FLOUR

Nos. 10364 to 10368 report actions involving flour that was insect- or rodent-infested, or both. (In those cases in which the time of contamination was known, that fact is stated in the notice of judgment.) The flour reported in **No. 10369** failed to meet the standard for enriched flour.

10364. Adulteration of pastry flour and doughnuts. U. S. v. J. C. Clanton (Sunrise Do-Nut Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, $500. (F. D. C. No. 21542. Sample Nos. 40476–H, 40752–H.)

INFORMATION FILED: January 22, 1947, Eastern District of Missouri, against J. C. Clanton, trading as the Sunrise Do-Nut Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 11, 1946, from the State of Missouri into the State of Illinois.

LABEL, IN PART: (Flour) "Sunrise Doughnut Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (4), the articles had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 28, 1947. A plea of guilty having been entered by the defendant, the court imposed a fine of $250 on each count, a total fine of $500.

10365. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 1,120 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21907. Sample Nos. 64704–H, 64705–H.)

LIBEL FILED: December 4, 1946, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 12 and 14, 1946, by the Montana Flour Mills Co., from Great Falls, Mont.

PRODUCT: 1,120 140-pound bags of flour at Long Island City, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: "Sapphire * * * Bleached."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of webbing, insect fragments, and insect excreta.

DISPOSITION: January 6, 1947. The Montana Flour Mills Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that it be denatured for use as animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

10366. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 572 Sacks * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21641. Sample No. 41693–H.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1946, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 26, 1946, by the Commander Milling Co., from Minneapolis, Minn.

PRODUCT: 572 140-pound sacks of bakery flour at Baltimore, Md.

LABEL, IN PART: "Hi-Ex Bakery Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, insect parts, and insect excreta and webbing.

DISPOSITION: December 18, 1946. The Doughnut Corporation of America, Ellicott City, Md., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be denatured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, so that it could not be used for human food.

10367. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 600 Sacks * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21643. Sample No. 42947–H.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1946, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 7, 1946, by Schultz, Baujan & Co., from Beardstown, Ill.

PRODUCT: 600 100-pound sacks of flour at Baltimore, Md.

LABEL, IN PART: "Emergency Grade Flour Unbleached Hard Winter."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, insect parts, insect excreta and webbing, and rodent hair fragments.

DISPOSITION: December 18, 1946. The Doughnut Corporation of America, Ellicott City, Md., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be denatured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, so that it could not be used for human food.

10368. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 100 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21953. Sample No. 54334–H.)

LIBEL FILED: December 5, 1946, Middle District of North Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 2, 1946, by Commander Milling Co., from Buffalo, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 100 100-pound bags of flour at Greensboro, N. C.

LABEL, IN PART: "Hi-Ex Bakery Flour Bleached."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta and urine.

DISPOSITION: December 11, 1946. The consignee of the product having admitted the material allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

10369. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched phosphated flour. U. S. v. 250 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21696. Sample No. 50061–H.)

LIBEL FILED: November 12, 1946, Middle District of Alabama.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 27, 1946, by the Hanover Star Milling Co., from Germantown, Ill.

PRODUCT: 250 25-pound bags of enriched phosphated flour at Greenville, Ala.

LABEL, IN PART: "Flour Magnificent Brand Enriched Bleached Phosphated."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constitutents, thiamine (vitamin B_1) and iron, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for enriched flour since it contained less than 2.0 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B_1) and less than 13.0 milligrams of iron, per pound.

DISPOSITION: January 23, 1947. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to the Alabama State Department of Corrections and Institutions, for the use of charitable institutions.

MACARONI AND NOODLE PRODUCTS

10370. Adulteration of noodles. U. S. v. 123 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21634. Sample No. 44927–H.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1946, District of Arizona.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 18, 1946, by the Oriental Food Products Co., from Los Angeles, Calif.

PRODUCT: 123 cartons, each containing 24 4½-ounce bottles, of noodles at Phoenix, Ariz.

LABEL, IN PART: "Jan'U-Wine * * * Chow Mein Noodles."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent hair fragments and larvae, and of a decomposed substance by reason of its being rancid; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 10, 1947. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.