Nos. 9244 and 9245 failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour.

9225. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. Fort Morgan Mills, Inc. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, $600. (F. D. C. No. 16516. Sample Nos. 26082–H, 26083–H, 26563–H, 26838–H.)

INFORMATION FILED: January 25, 1946, District of Colorado, against the Fort Morgan Mills, Inc., Fort Morgan, Colo.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 6 and 20, 1945, from the State of Colorado into the States of New Mexico and Wyoming.

LABEL, IN PART: "Morgan Mills * * * Cowboy Flour [or "Red Rose Flour," or "Golden Sunshine Flour"]."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect and larvae parts, rodent hairs, and hairs resembling rodent hairs; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 25, 1946. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the court imposed a fine of $200 on each of the 3 counts.

9226. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 210 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 19025. Sample No. 1247–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about February 11, 1946, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 16 and 21, 1945, from Mascoutah, Illinois.

PRODUCT: 210 100-pound bags of flour at Atlanta, Ga., in the possession of the Puritan Mills. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent pellets and rodent hairs and that it was contaminated with rodent urine.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 26, 1946. The Puritan Mills, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for the separation of the fit from the unfit portion and the conversion of the unfit portion into stock feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

9227. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 59 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as hog feed. (F. D. C. No. 18631. Sample No. 12098–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about December 6, 1945, District of Connecticut.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 24, 1945, from Buffalo, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 59 100-pound bags of flour at East Hartford, Conn., in the possession of the First National Stores, Inc. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta, beetles, and larvae.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 24, 1946. The sole interveners having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as hog feed.

9228. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 560 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution, for use as animal feed. (F. D. C. No. 18608. Sample No. 1129–H.)

LIBEL FILED: December 3, 1945, Western District of South Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 27, 1945, from Dallas, Tex.