PRODUCT: 15 cases, each containing 100 3¼-ounce cans, of sardines at St. Paul, Minn. Examination of the product showed the presence of diseased fish.

LABEL, IN PART: "Palm Brand Maine Sardines."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was, in whole or in part, the product of a diseased animal.

DISPOSITION: October 29, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment was entered ordering the product denatured for use as animal food or destroyed.

11210. Adulteration of canned sardines. U. S. v. 4 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 20249. Sample No. 57182–H.)

LIBEL FILED: June 12, 1946, District of Massachusetts.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 21, 1946, by the W. J. Byrnes Co. of New York, from Hoboken, N. J.

PRODUCT: 4 cases, each containing 100 3¾-ounce cans, of sardines at Boston, Mass.

LABEL, IN PART: "Peggy Brand Norwegian Brisling Sardines * * * Packed by Norwegian Preserving Co. A/S Bergen-Norway."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance since it was undergoing bacterial decomposition.

DISPOSITION: February 27, 1947. Downer, Hunnewell & Co., Boston, Mass., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that the unfit portion be segregated and destroyed under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

11211. Adulteration of pickled sprats. U. S. v. 45 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 16203. Sample No. 27255–H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 19, 1945, District of Idaho.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 9, 1945, by the Oxenberg Fish Co., from Seattle, Wash.

PRODUCT: 45 cases, each containing 24 5-ounce jars, of pickled sprats at Lewiston, Idaho. Examination showed that the product was undergoing active fermentation.

LABEL, IN PART: "Delca Finest Imported Pickled Sprats * * * Delca Fish Preservators, Inc., Brooklyn, New York."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

DISPOSITION: November 16, 1945. Default decree of forfeiture. Product ordered destroyed or delivered to a charitable institution, for use as animal feed. The product was destroyed.

11212. Adulteration of frozen clams. U. S. v. 212 Cases * * * (and 2 other seizure actions against frozen clams). (F. D. C. Nos. 20016 to 20019, incl., 20089 to 20096, incl. Sample Nos. 44590–H, 46142–H, 46143–H, 46147–H to 46150–H, incl., 46154–H to 46156–H, incl., 46158–H.)

LIBELS FILED: May 22 and June 11 and 14, 1946, Northern and Southern Districts of California. The libel of June 14, 1946, was amended on June 21, 1946.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 31, 1945, and January 8 and March 1, 1946, by the Icelandic Freezing Plants Corp., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 263 cases, each containing 8 7-pound blocks or cartons, of frozen clams at San Francisco, Calif., and 47 cases, each containing 8 7-pound cartons, of the same product at Los Angeles, San Pedro, and Pasadena, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: "Fresh Frozen Clams [or "Clam Meat"] Icelandic Freezing Plants Corp. Reykjavik Iceland."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (1), the article contained a poisonous and deleterious substance, *Gonyaulax* toxin, which may have rendered it injurious to health.

DISPOSITION: On July 20, 1946, the Icelandic Freezing Plants Corp. having appeared as claimant for the San Francisco lots, judgment of condemnation