

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3); the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta, rodent hairs, and insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** February 17, 1950. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the defendant was fined \$1,300, plus costs.

**15704. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. Riggi Candy Co. Plea of guilty. Fine of \$2,400 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 28164. Sample Nos. 7722-K, 7935-K, 16985-K, 44749-K, 44750-K, 58682-K.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** October 27, 1949, Northern District of Illinois, against the Riggi Candy Co., a corporation, Chicago, Ill.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about February 11, 15, 16, 21, and 23, 1949, from the State of Illinois into the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, and Minnesota.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Black Jelly Beans," "Riggi Chocolate Cherries," "Chocolate Pecan Treats," and "Chocolate Fruit and Nut Egg."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects, insect fragments, and rodent hairs; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** January 27, 1950. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$2,400, plus costs.

**15705. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 9 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 28280. Sample No. 63089-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** November 8, 1949, District of New Hampshire.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 22, 1949, from Boston, Mass.

**PRODUCT:** 9 cases, each containing 48 half-pound boxes, of candy at Manchester, N. H.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of mold. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** December 19, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

## CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS

### BAKERY PRODUCTS

**15706. Adulteration of ice cream cones. U. S. v. Woolwine Cone Co., Lafayette M. Woolwine, Sr., and Lafayette M. Woolwine, Jr. Pleas of nolo contendere. Fine of \$250 against company and \$50 against each individual. (F. D. C. No. 28177. Sample Nos. 60685-K, 60698-K.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** December 1, 1949, Western District of Tennessee, against the Woolwine Cone Co., a partnership, Memphis, Tenn., and Lafayette M. Woolwine, Sr., and Lafayette M. Woolwine, Jr., partners in the partnership.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 24 and April 5, 1949, from the State of Tennessee into the States of Mississippi and Arkansas.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Portion) "Honey Comb Cake Cones."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments, rodent hair fragments, mites, larvae, and cat hairs; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** December 6, 1949. Pleas of nolo contendere having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$250 against the company and a fine of \$50 against each individual.

**15707. Adulteration of pastry sticks and adulteration and misbranding of fruit cake. U. S. v. 12 Tins, etc. (F. D. C. No. 28240. Sample Nos. 11783-K, 11785-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** October 28, 1949, District of Connecticut.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 15, 1949, by the Roll Biscuit Co., from New York, N. Y.

**PRODUCT:** 12 8-ounce tins of pastry sticks and 21 1-pound tins and 9 2-pound tins of fruit cake at West Hartford, Conn.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Chocolate Cream Filled Pastry Sticks" and "Aunt Nancy's Rum and Brandy Fruit Cake."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insect fragments and rodent hair fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the designation "Rum and Brandy" appearing on the label of the fruit cake was false and misleading as applied to an article which contained little or no rum or brandy; and, Section 403 (k), the fruit cake contained artificial color and failed to bear labeling stating that fact.

**DISPOSITION:** January 11, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**15708. Adulteration of fruit cake. U. S. v. 312 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 28278. Sample No. 57423-K.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** November 9, 1949, District of New Jersey.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 17, 1947, from Waco, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 312 cases each containing 24 1-pound fruit cakes at Jersey City, N. J.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product was unfit for food by reason of its rancid odor and taste. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** December 19, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

## FLOUR

Nos. 15709 to 15714 report actions involving flour that was insect- or rodent-infested, or both. (In those cases in which the time of contamination