whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, insect parts, and rodent hair fragments.

DISPOSITION: September 21, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS

CORN MEAL

16655. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. Wilson's Corn Products, Inc., and Glenn Wilson. Pleas of nolo contendere. Corporation fined $300, plus costs; individual defendant fined $150, plus costs. (F. D. C. No. 28175. Sample Nos. 42896–K, 42897–K, 60503–K.)

INFORMATION FILED: November 8, 1949, Northern District of Indiana, against Wilson's Corn Products, Inc., Rochester, Ind., and Glenn Wilson, president.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 20 and 21, 1949, from the State of Indiana into the States of New York and Illinois.

LABEL, IN PART: "Yellow Granulated Corn Meal" and "White [or "Yellow"] Cream Corn Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: April 12, 1950. Pleas of nolo contendere having been entered, the corporation was fined $300 and the individual defendant $150, plus costs.

FLOUR

16656. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 100 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 28659. Sample No. 64458–K.)

LIBEL FILED: January 18, 1950, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 20, 1949, from Great Falls, Mont.

PRODUCT: 100 100-pound bags of flour at Moorhead, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: March 9, 1950. The Northwest Bakery Co., Moorhead, Minn., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. 140 bags of flour were seized, and of these, 4 bags were found to be contaminated and were destroyed.

16657. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 10 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 29664. Sample Nos. 57461–K, 74875–K.)

LIBEL FILED: July 26, 1950, District of New Jersey.