

the Food and Drug Administration. Salvage operations resulted in the release of 13,450 pounds of the product as good and the destruction of 9,210 pounds. The rejected portion was denatured.

17364. Adulteration and misbranding of canned mackerel. U. S. v. 24 Cases
* * *. (F. D. C. No. 30755. Sample No. 27903-L.)

LIBEL FILED: March 19, 1951, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 21, 1951, by the Harcourt, Greene Co., from San Francisco, Calif.

PRODUCT: 24 cases, each containing 48 15-ounce cans of mackerel at New Orleans, La.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Progresso Brand Mackerel."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a different variety of fish, horse (jack) mackerel, had been substituted for mackerel.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label designation "Mackerel" was false and misleading as applied to an article consisting of horse (jack) mackerel.

DISPOSITION: May 18, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

17365. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. 42 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30664. Sample No. 17751-L.)

LIBEL FILED: February 20, 1951, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 24, 1950, by the Dungeness Sales Co. (Dungeness Crab, Inc.), from Seattle, Wash.

PRODUCT: 42 cases, each containing 48 7½-ounce cans, of salmon at Santa Ana, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: "West Haven Brand Salmon."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

DISPOSITION: March 28, 1951. The Dungeness Sales Co. (Dungeness Crab, Inc.), claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond, conditioned that it be disposed of in compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The unfit portion of the product, amounting to 1 case and 20 cans, was segregated and destroyed.

17366. Misbranding of canned sardines. U. S. v. 149 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30423. Sample No. 3853-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about February 6, 1951, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 14, 1950, by the Richmond-Chase Co., from Oakland, Calif.

PRODUCT: 149 cases, each containing 48 cans, of sardines at Baltimore, Md.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Sea Belle California Sardines Net Weight 15 Oz.
* * * Packed by Aeneas Sardine Products Co., Inc., Monterey, Calif."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (e) (2), the product failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents since the label statement "Net Weight 15 Oz." was inaccurate. (Examination disclosed that the article was short of the declared weight.)

DISPOSITION: May 3, 1951. The Collins Bros., San Francisco, Calif., claimant, having admitted the allegations in the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be relabeled, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

17367. Adulteration of canned clams. U. S. v. 17 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30692. Sample Nos. 28467-L, 28470-L.)

LIBEL FILED: March 13, 1951, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 21, 1950, by North Pacific Sea Foods, Inc., from Seattle, Wash.

PRODUCT: 17 cases, each containing 48 7-ounce cans, of minced clams at Stockton, Calif. Examination showed that the product contained excessive packing medium.

LABEL, IN PART: "Alaska Minced Razor Clams Packed By H. M. Parks Co. Cordova, Alaska."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), diluted clam juice had been substituted in part for minced clams.

DISPOSITION: April 30, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

17368. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. Lancaster Seafoods, Inc., and John Curlett, Jr. Pleas of not guilty. Tried to the court. Verdict of guilty. Each defendant fined \$500 on count 1; imposition of sentence on count 2 suspended for 1 year. (F. D. C. No. 29654. Sample Nos. 66940-K, 67521-K.)

INFORMATION FILED: November 13, 1950, Eastern District of Virginia, against Lancaster Seafoods, Inc., Morattico, Va., and John Curlett, Jr., secretary and treasurer of the corporation.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 26 and 31, 1950, from the State of Virginia into the State of New York and the District of Columbia.

LABEL, IN PART: "Lancaster Seafoods, Inc. Regular Crab [or "Claw Crab"] Meat 1 Lb. Net Morattico, Va."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance as evidenced by the presence of fecal *Escherichia coli*; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: Pleas of not guilty having been entered, the matter came on for trial before the court on May 24, 1951, and a verdict of guilty was returned. On June 19, 1951, the court fined each defendant \$500 on count 1 and suspended sentence for 1 year on count 2.

17369. Adulteration of canned shrimp. U. S. v. 19 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30703. Sample No. 13071-L.)

LIBEL FILED: March 21, 1951, District of Colorado.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 24, 1949, by the Orleans Seafood Co., from New Orleans, La.

PRODUCT: 19 cases, each containing 48 5-ounce cans, of shrimp at Denver, Colo.

LABEL, IN PART: "Gulf Belle Brand Medium Shrimp Drained Weight 5 Ozs."