

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 3, 1951, by Holsum Products, from Baltimore, Md.

PRODUCT: 22 cases, each containing 4 1-gallon jars, of french dressing at Washington, D. C.

LABEL, IN PART: (Jar) "Holsum Brand French Dressing."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, vegetable oil, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for french dressing since the article contained less than 35 percent by weight of vegetable oil, the minimum permitted by the definition and standard.

DISPOSITION: September 13, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a public institution for its use and not for sale.

VITAMIN, MINERAL, AND OTHER PRODUCTS OF SPECIAL DIETARY SIGNIFICANCE

18098. Adulteration and misbranding of vitamin Caplets. U. S. v. 157 Bottles * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31674. Sample No. 1354-L.)

LABEL FILED: On or about September 11, 1951, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 4, 1951, from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 157 bottles each containing 100 vitamin Caplets at Atlanta, Ga.

Analysis showed that the product contained approximately 26 percent of the declared amount of vitamin A and approximately 50 percent of the declared amount of vitamin D.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, vitamins A and D, had been in whole or in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statements "Each Caplet Contains: Vitamin A (Palmitate) 2000 USP Units Vitamin D (Irr. Ergosterol) 400 USP Units * * * 3 * * * Caplets supply the following percentages of the adult minimum daily requirements, Vitamin A 150%; Vitamin D 300%" were false and misleading as applied to this article, which contained less than these amounts and percentages of the minimum daily requirements for vitamins A and D.

The article was adulterated and misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 29, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

18099. Adulteration and misbranding of vitamin Caplets. U. S. v. 182 Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 31739. Sample No. 1718-L.)

LABEL FILED: On or about October 2, 1951, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 20, 1951, from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: Vitamin Caplets. 182 bottles, each containing 100 Caplets, and 2 bottles, each containing 1,000 Caplets, at Atlanta, Ga.

Analysis showed that the article contained approximately 6 percent of the declared amount of vitamin A and approximately 50 percent of the declared amount of vitamin D.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, vitamins A and D, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the following label statements were false and misleading as applied to an article which contained less than the declared